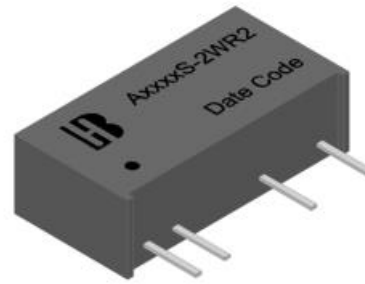


## Features

- 7pin SIP Package with Industry-Standard Footprint
- Input / Output Isolation Voltage: 1.5kVDC
- High Efficiency
- Lead Free Design, RoHS Compliant
- Operating temperature: -40°C to +105°C
- Meet Safety Standard / Approval: IEC / EN60950-1



## Applications

These converters are well suitable for battery operated equipment, measurement equipment, telecom, wireless network, Industry control system, everywhere where isolated, tightly regulated voltages and compact size are required.

**Technical Specification** All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Model Number	Input Voltage Range(V)	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA) <sup>(1)</sup>	Input Current (mA) Typ.		Eff. (%) <sup>(2)</sup> Typ.	Capacitive Load, max. <sup>(3)</sup> (uF)		
				No Load	Full Load				
A0503S-2WR2	4.5-5.5 Nominal:5	3.3	400	35	338	78	68		
A0505S-2WR2		5	400		500	80	47		
A0509S-2WR2		9	220		477	83	33		
A0512S-2WR2		12	166		475	84	22		
A0515S-2WR2		15	133		475	84	22		
A0524S-2WR2		24	83		475	84	10		
A0503D-2WR2		±3.3	±200		338	78	33/33		
A0505D-2WR2		±5	±200		500	80	22/22		
A0509D-2WR2		±9	±110		477	83	10/10		
A0512D-2WR2		±12	±83		475	84	10/10		
A0515D-2WR2		±15	±66		475	84	10/10		
A0524D-2WR2		±24	±42		475	84	4.7/4.7		
A1203S-2WR2		10.8-13.2 Nominal:12	3.3		400	15	143	77	68
A1205S-2WR2			5		400		208	80	47
A1209S-2WR2	9		220	199	83		33		
A1212S-2WR2	12		166	198	84		22		
A1215S-2WR2	15		133	198	84		22		
A1224S-2WR2	24		83	198	84		10		
A1203D-2WR2	±3.3		±200	143	77		33/33		
A1205D-2WR2	±5		±200	208	80		22/22		
A1209D-2WR2	±9		±110	199	83		10/10		
A1212D-2WR2	±12		±83	198	84		10/10		
A1215D-2WR2	±15		±66	198	84		10/10		

Model Number	Input Voltage Range(V)	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA) <sup>(1)</sup>	Input Current (mA) Typ.		Eff. (%) <sup>(2)</sup> Typ.	Capacitive Load, max. <sup>(3)</sup> (uF)
			Full Load	No Load	Full Load		
A1503S-2WR2	13.5-16.5 Nominal:15	3.3	400	12	114	77	68
A1505S-2WR2		5	400		167	80	47
A1509S-2WR2		9	220		159	83	33
A1512S-2WR2		12	166		158	84	22
A1515S-2WR2		15	133		158	84	22
A1524S-2WR2		24	83		158	84	10
A1503D-2WR2		±3.3	±200		114	77	33/33
A1505D-2WR2		±5	±200		167	80	22/22
A1509D-2WR2		±9	±110		159	83	10/10
A1512D-2WR2		±12	±83		158	84	10/10
A1515D-2WR2		±15	±66		158	84	10/10
A2403S-2WR2		21.6-26.4 Nominal:24	3.3		400	8	71
A2405S-2WR2	5		400	104	80		47
A2409S-2WR2	9		220	99	83		33
A2412S-2WR2	12		166	99	84		22
A2415S-2WR2	15		133	99	84		22
A2424S-2WR2	24		83	99	84		10
A2403D-2WR2	±3.3		±200	71	77		33/33
A2405D-2WR2	±5		±200	104	80		22/22
A2409D-2WR2	±9		±110	99	83		10/10
A2412D-2WR2	±12		±83	99	84		10/10
A2415D-2WR2	±15		±66	99	84		10/10

### Input Specifications

5V nominal input	4.5-5.5V
12V nominal input	10.8-13.2V
15V nominal input	13.5-16.5V
24V nominal input	21.6-26.4V

Input filter

Capacitor

### Environmental Specifications

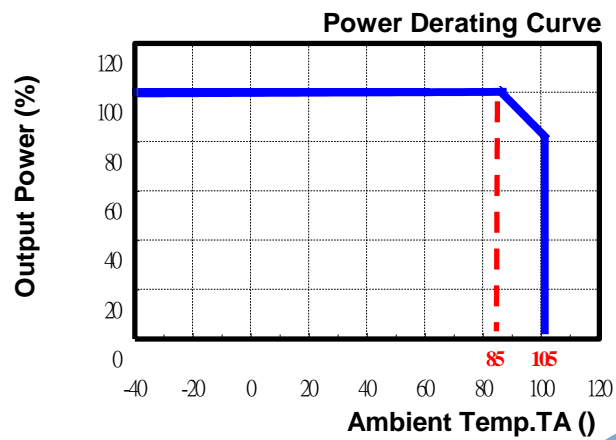
Operating ambient temperature	-40°C to +105°C
Maximum case temperature	+125°C
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C
Relative humidity	95% RH max.

Output Specifications		
Output power		2Watts max.
Voltage accuracy	Nominal Vin and full load	
	3.3Vdc	3.135-3.399V
	5Vdc	4.75-5.15V
	9Vdc	8.73-9.18V
	12Vdc	11.64-12.24V
	15Vdc	14.55-15.30V
Voltage balance	24Vdc	23.52-24.36V
	Dual output	±1% max.
Minimum load		10% load of full load
Line regulation	For Vin change of 1%	±1.2% Typ.
	Nominal Vin and 10%-100% load	
Load regulation	3.3Vdc	15% Typ.
	5Vdc	13% Typ.
	9Vdc	9% Typ.
	12Vdc	8% Typ.
	15Vdc	7% Typ.
	24Vdc	6% Typ.
Ripple and Noise (20MHz Bandwidth)		100mVp-p Typ. 150mVp-p Max.
Maximum capacitive load		See table
Output short circuit protection	A24XXS-2WR2 / A24XXD-2ER2	3S Max.
	Other models	Continuous, Automatic recovery
Temperature coefficient		±0.03%/°C Typ.
General Specifications		
Efficiency	Nominal input and full load	See table
Isolation voltage	Input to output	1500VDC (60 second)
Isolation resistance	500VDC	1000MΩ min.
Isolation capacitance		30pF typ.
Switching frequency		150kHz typ.
		300kHz max.
Reliability, calculated MTBF		2×10 <sup>6</sup> Hrs
Physical Specifications		
Case material		Plastic (UL94 V-0)
Potting material		PU (UL94 V-0)
Dimensions		19.6× 10.1× 7.0 mm
Weight		2.5g Typ.

### Note

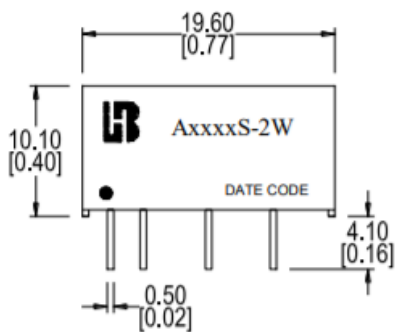
1. Io below this value will not damage these converters, however, they may not meet all listed specifications.
2. Typical value, tested at nominal input and full load.
3. For each output.
4. Specifications subject to change without notice.
5. This series of products do not support CC mode, CR mode is recommended.
6. In case of long input lines or hot plug-in requirements, we recommended to use an external low ESR capacitor (22uF) near to the converter's input pins.

## Power Derating Curve

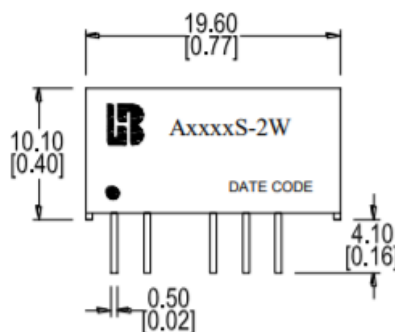


## Mechanical Dimensions

### Single output

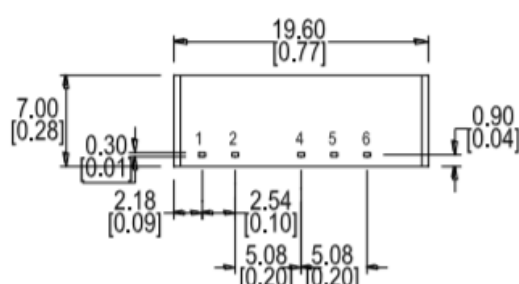
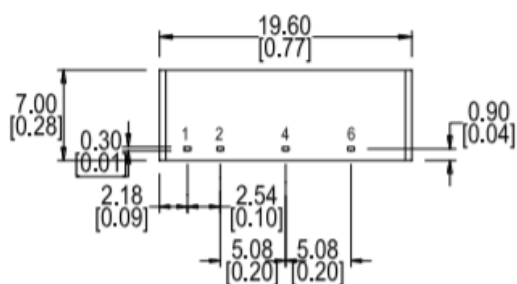


### Dual output



### Pin Assignment

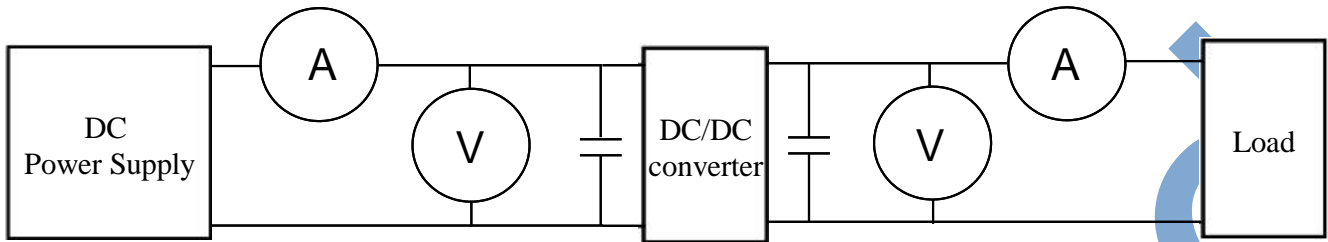
Pin	Single	Dual
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
4	-Vout	-Vout
5	No pin	Common
6	+Vout	+Vout



Unit: mm (inch)  
 Pin section tolerances:  $\pm 0.1 (\pm 0.004)$   
 General tolerances:  $\pm 0.5 (\pm 0.02)$

## Test Configurations

All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.



©DC Power Supply: It offers a wide voltage and current range precisely.

©Current meter (A): Accuracy → 200μA ~ 200mA 4 ranges ±(0.2% rdg + 2 digits)

2000mA ~ 20A 2 ranges ±(0.3% rdg + 2 digits).

©Voltage meter (V): Accuracy → ±(0.03% rdg + 4 digits).

©Load: At full load.

©Wires: The resistance of the wires must be small.

1. Input voltage range: Narrow input voltage range (±10%)、wide input voltage range (2:1 and 4:1)。

EX: Narrow input voltage range (±10%)

5V nominal input → 4.5~5.5V  
 12V nominal input → 10.8~13.2V  
 24V nominal input → 21.6~26.4V

Wide input voltage range 2:1

5V nominal input → 4.5~9V  
 12V nominal input → 9~18V  
 24V nominal input → 18~36V  
 48V nominal input → 36~75V

Wide input voltage range 4:1 (W)

24V nominal input → 9~36V  
 48V nominal input → 18~75V

2. Input power :

$$P_{in} = V_{in} \times I_{in}$$

$V_{in}$ : Input voltage

$I_{in}$ : Input current

3. Output power :

$$P_{out} = V_{out} \times I_{out}$$

$V_{out}$ : Output voltage

$I_{out}$ : Output current

4. Efficiency :

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}} \times 100\%$$

$P_{out}$ : Output power

$P_{in}$ : Input power

5. Voltage accuracy:

$$\frac{|V_{out} - V_{out(nominal)}|}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

$V_{out}$ : Output voltage

$V_{out(nominal)}$ : Nominal output voltage

## 6. Line regulation:

Narrow input voltage range ( $\pm 10\%$ ) and unregulated output voltage series.

$$\text{Line regulation} = \frac{\Delta V_{out}}{\Delta V_{in}}$$

$$\Delta V_{out} = \frac{V_{out(+10\%)} - V_{out(-10\%)}}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

$V_{out(+10\%)}$ : Output voltage at  $V_{in} = 1.1 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$  & full load

$V_{out(-10\%)}$ : Output voltage at  $V_{in} = 0.9 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$  & full load

$V_{out}$ : Output voltage at  $V_{in} = V_{in}(\text{nominal})$  & full load

$$\Delta V_{in} = \frac{V_{in(+10\%)} - V_{in(-10\%)}}{V_{in}(\text{nominal})} \times 100\%$$

$V_{in(+10\%)}$ : Input voltage =  $1.1 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$

$V_{in(-10\%)}$ : Input voltage =  $0.9 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$

$V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ : Nominal Input voltage

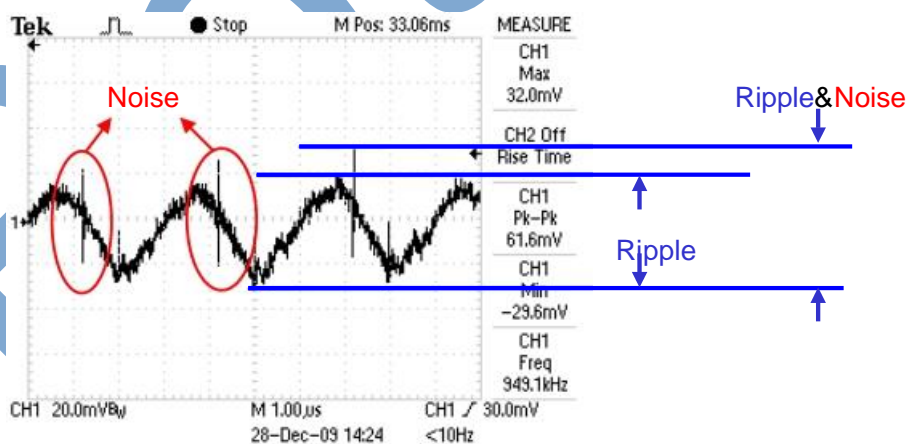
## 7. Load regulation :

$$\frac{|V_{out(FL)} - V_{out(NL)}|}{V_{out(FL)}} \times 100\%$$

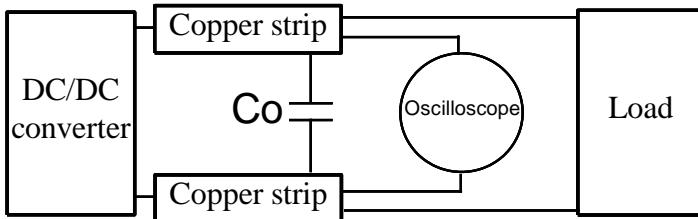
$V_{out(FL)}$ : Output voltage at full load

$V_{out(NL)}$ : Output voltage at 25% full load or 10% full load

## 8. Ripple and Noise: as shown below. The bandwidth is 0-20MHz.

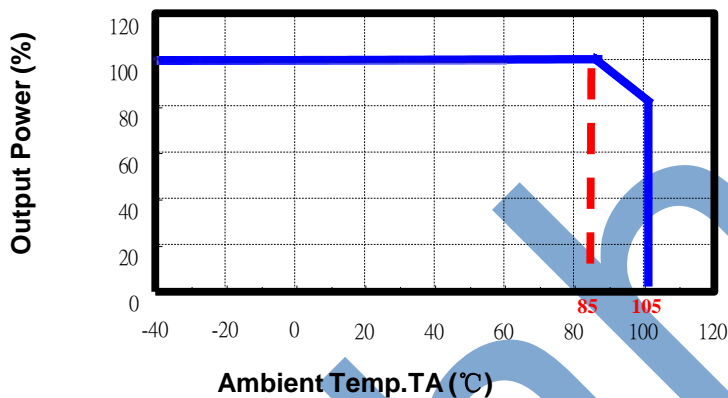


Output Ripple&Noise measurement test circuit: as shown below.



Co: usually 0.47uF.

9. **Temperature derating curve:** The DC-DC converter will operate over a wider temperature range if less power is drawn from the output and the device is already running. The temperature derating curve shows the operating power-temperature range. As shown below.



10. **Switching frequency:** The nominal operating frequency of the DC-DC converters.
11. **Input to output isolation:** The dielectric breakdown strength test between input and output circuits. This is the isolation voltage the device is capable of withstanding for a specified time, usually 1 second or 1 minute.
12. **Input source impedance:** The power module should be connected to low ac-impedance input source.

Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is commended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <math>< 0.1\Omega</math> at 100KHz) capacitor of a 22uF for the power module.

