











TXB0104 SCES650I - APRIL 2006-REVISED MARCH 2018

TXB0104 4-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-level Translator With Automatic Direction Sensing and ±15-kV ESD Protection

Features

- 1.2-V to 3.6-V on A Port and 1.65-V to 5.5-V on B Port $(V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB})$
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature: If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, All Outputs Are in the High-Impedance
- Output Enable (OE) Input Circuit Referenced to
- Low Power Consumption, 5-μA Maximum I_{CC}
- I OFF Supports Partial Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - A Port:
 - 2500-V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
 - B Port:
 - ±15-kV Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

Applications

- Headsets
- **Smartphones**
- **Tablets**
- Desktop PC

3 Description

This TXB0104 4-bit noninverting translator uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track $V_{\text{CCA}}.\ V_{\text{CCA}}$ accepts any supply voltage from 1.2 V to 3.6 V. The B port is designed to track V_{CCB}. V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This allows for universal low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes. V_{CCA} must not exceed V_{CCB}.

When the OE input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the highimpedance state during power up or power down, OE must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor The current sourcing capability of the driver determines the minimum value of the resistor.

The TXB0104 device is designed so the OE input circuit is supplied by V_{CCA}.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I OFF. The I OFF circuitry disables the outputs, which prevents damaging current backflow through the device when the device is powered down.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TXB0104RUT	UQFN (12)	2.00 mm × 1.70 mm
TXB0104D	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.91 mm
TXB0104ZXU/GXU	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR™ (12)	2.00 mm × 2.50 mm
TXB0104PW	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm
TXB0104RGY	VQFN (14)	3.50 mm × 3.50 mm
TXB0104YZT	DSBGA (12)	1.40 mm × 1.90 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application Block Diagram for TXB010X

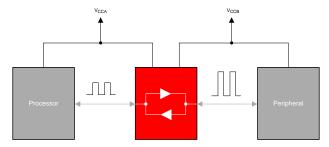




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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision H (Janurary 2018) to Revision I	Page
Updated Pin Functions table	4
Added Pin Assignments table for GXU and ZXU package	4
Added Pin Assignments table for YZT package	
Updated Layout Example	22
Changes from Revision G (November 2014) to Revision H	Page
Added package families to package pinout drawings in Pin Configuration and Functions section	3
Added junction temperature range in Absolute Maximum Ratingstable	
Changed unit from V to kV in ESD Ratings table	5
Changes from Revision F (May 2012) to Revision G	Page
 Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, Handling Rating table, Feature Description section, Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section 	

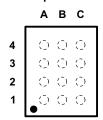
section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

Product Folder Links: TXB0104



5 Pin Configuration and Functions

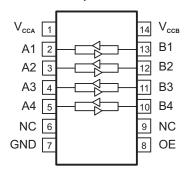
GXU and ZXU Package 12-Pin BGA Microstar Junior Top View



YZT Package 12-Pin DSBGA Top View

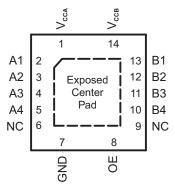


D or PW Package 14-Pin SOIC or TSSOP Top View



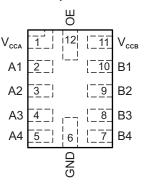
NC - No internal connection

RGY Package 14-Pin VQFN With Exposed Thermal Pad Top View



NC - No internal connection

RUT Package 12-Pin UQFN Top View



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Pin Functions

	1 III I dilottolio											
			PIN			1/0	DESCRIPTION					
NAME	D, PW	RGY	RUT	GXU, ZXU	YZT	1/0	DESCRIPTION					
A1	2	2	2	A1	А3	I/O	Input/output 1. Referenced to V _{CCA} .					
A2	3	3	3	A2	В3	I/O	Input/output 2. Referenced to V _{CCA} .					
А3	4	4	4	A3	C3	I/O	Input/output 3. Referenced to V _{CCA} .					
A4	5	5	5	A4	D3	I/O	Input/output 4. Referenced to V _{CCA} .					
B1	13	13	10	C1	A1	I/O	Input/output 1. Referenced to V _{CCB} .					
B2	12	12	9	C2	B1	I/O	Input/output 2. Referenced to V _{CCB} .					
В3	11	11	8	C3	C1	I/O	Input/output 3. Referenced to V _{CCB} .					
B4	10	10	7	C4	D1	I/O	Input/output 4. Referenced to V _{CCB} .					
GND	7	7	6	B4	D2	_	Ground					
NC	6, 9	6,9	_	-	_	_	No connection. Not internally connected.					
OE	8	8	12	В3	C2	I	Tri-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in tri-state mode. Referenced to V _{CCA} .					
V _{CCA}	1	1	1	B2	B2	_	A-port supply voltage 1.2 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V and V _{CCA} \leq V _{CCB} .					
V _{CCB}	14	14	11	B1	A2	_	B-port supply voltage 1.65 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5 V.					
Thermal pad	_		_	_	_	_	For the RGY package, the exposed center thermal pad must either be connected to Ground or left electrically open.					

Pin Assignments: GXU and ZXU Package

	Α	В	С
4	A4	GND	B4
3	А3	OE	B3
2	A2	V _{CCA}	B2
1	A1	V _{CCB}	B1

Pin Assignments: YZT Package

	3	2	1
D	A4	GND	B4
С	А3	OE	B3
В	A2	V _{CCA}	B2
Α	A1	V _{CCB}	B1



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
Supply voltage, V _{CCA}		-0.5	4.6	.,	
Supply voltage, V _{CCB}		-0.5	6.5	V	
Input valtage V	A port	-0.5	4.6	V	
Input voltage, V _I	B port	-0.5	6.5	V	
Voltage applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state,	A port	-0.5	4.6		
V_0	B port	-0.5	6.5	V	
Voltage applied to any output in the high or low state, $V_0^{(2)}$	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V	
voltage applied to any output in the high or low state, v_0	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5] V	
Input clamp current, I _{IK}	V _I < 0		-50	mA	
Output clamp current, I _{OK}	V _O < 0		-50	mA	
Continuous output current, I _O		-50	50	mA	
Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND	-100	100	mA		
Junction temperature range, T _J			150	°C	
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}		-65	150	°C	

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

	9				
				VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	A port	±2.5	
.,	discharge Charg	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	B port	±15	1.37
V _(ESD)		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	A port	±1.5	kV
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	B port	±1.5	

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)(2)

					MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage				1.2	3.6	V	
V_{CCB}	Supply voltage				1.65	5.5	V	
\/	High-level input voltage	Data inputs	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		$V_{CCI} \times 0.65^{(3)}$	V _{CCI}	V	
V _{IH}		OE	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCA} × 0.65	5.5	V	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Low-level input voltage	Data inputs	$V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$		0	$V_{\rm CCI} \times 0.35^{(3)}$	V	
V _{IL}		OE	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		0	V _{CCA} × 0.35	V	
\/	Voltage applied to any	A-port	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		0	3.6	V	
Vo	output in the high-impedance or power-off state	B-port	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V		0	5.5	٧	
	Input transition rise or fall rate	A-port inputs	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 5.5 V			40		
Δt/Δν		B-port	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V to 3.6 V	V _{CCB} = 1.65 V to 3.6 V		40	ns/V	
		inputs	VCCA = 1.2 V to 3.6 V	V _{CCB} = 4.5 V to 5.5 V		30		
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	!			-40	85	°C	

The A and B sides of an unused data I/O pair must be held in the same state, that is, both at V_{CCI} or both at GND. V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} and must not exceed 3.6 V. V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

6.4 Thermal Information

		TXB0104									
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	D	GXU/ZXU	PW	RGY	RUT	YZT	UNIT			
			12 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	12 PINS	12 PINS				
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	90.7	127.1	121.0	52.8	119.8	89.2				
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	50.5	92.8	50.0	67.7	42.6	0.9				
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	45.4	62.2	62.8	28.9	52.5	14.4	0CAM			
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	14.7	2.3	6.4	2.6	0.7	3.0	°C/W			
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	45.1	62.2	62.2	29.0	52.3	14.4				
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	_	_	_	_	_	_				

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics (1)(2)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Б.	DAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	V	V	T _A	= 25°C		-40°C to 8	LINUT		
PA	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
\/	Port A output	1 - 20	1.2 V			1.1				V	
V_{OHA}	high voltage	$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A$	1.4 V to 3.6 V				V _{CCA} - 0.4		V		
\/	Port A output	I - 20 ·· A	1.2 V			0.3				>	
V_{OLA}	low voltage	$I_{OL} = 20 \mu A$	1.4 V to 3.6 V						0.4	V	
V_{OHB}	Port B output high voltage	I _{OH} = -20 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V				V _{CCB} - 0.4		V	
V_{OLB}	Port B output low voltage	I _{OL} = 20 μA		1.65 V to 5.5 V					0.4	V	
I _I	Inflection- point current	OE: V _I = V _{CCI} or GND	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V	-1		1	-2	2	μА	
l "	Off-state	A port: V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 3.6 V	0 V	0 V to 5.5 V	-1		1	-2	2	μА	
l _{off}	current	B port: V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 5.5 V	0 V to 3.6 V	0 V	-1		1	-2	2	μΛ	
l _{OZ}	High- impedance- state output current	A or B port: OE = GND	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V	-1		1	-2	2	μА	
	V _{CCA} supply current		1.2 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.06					
		$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND	1.4 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					5		
I _{CCA}		I _O = 0	3.6 V	0 V					2	μΑ	
			0 V	5.5 V					-2		
			1.2 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		3.4				5 -2 μΑ	
	V _{CCB} supply	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND	1.4 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					5		
I _{CCB}	current	$I_{O} = 0$	3.6 V	0 V					-2		
			0 V	5.5 V					2		
I_{CCA}	Combined	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND	1.2 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		3.5					
+ I _{CCB}	supply current	$I_{O} = 0$	1.4 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V					10	μΑ	
COD	High-		1.2 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.05					
I _{CCZA}	impedance state, V _{CCA} supply current	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $I_O = 0$, OE = GND	1.4 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		0.03		5		μА	
	High-		1.2 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		3.3					
I _{CCZB}	impedance state, V _{CCB} supply current	V _I = V _{CCI} or GND I _O = 0, OE = GND) = 0,			5	μА				
Ci	Input capacitance	OE	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		3			4	pF	
-	Input-to-	A port	1.2 V to 3.6 V 1.65 V to 5.5 V 5				6				
C _{io}	output internal capacitance	B port	1.2 V to 3.6 V	1.65 V to 5.5 V		11			14	pF	

 $[\]begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(1)} & V_{CCI} \ \hbox{is the supply voltage associated with the input port.} \\ \hbox{(2)} & V_{CCO} \ \hbox{is the supply voltage associated with the output port.} \end{array}$



6.6 Timing Requirements: V_{CCA} = 1.2 V

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

TA = 25 O; VCCA = 1.2 V															
		V _{CCB} = 1.8 V		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V$			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V			V _{CCB} = 5 V			UNIT		
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII	
	Data rate			20			20			20			20		Mbps
t _w	Pulse duration	Data inputs		50			50			50			50		ns

6.7 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

			= 1.8 V .15 V		= 2.5 V .2 V		= 3.3 V 0.3 V	V _{CCB} ± 0.		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Data rate		40		40		40		40	Mbps
t _w	Pulse duration Data inputs	25		25		25		25		ns

6.8 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

			V _{CCB} = ± 0.1	V _{CCB} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		= 2.5 V .2 V	V _{CCB} = ± 0.	= 3.3 V 3 V	V _{CCB} ± 0.	UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Data rate			60		60		60		60	Mbps
t _w	Pulse duration Date	ta inputs	17		17		17		17		ns

6.9 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	·		V _{CCB}	= 2.5 V 0.2 V	V _{CCB}	= 3.3 V .3 V	V _{CCE}	UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Data rate			100		100		100	Mbps
t _w	Pulse duration	Data inputs	10		10		10		ns

6.10 Timing Requirements: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

			V _{CCB} ± 0	= 3.3 V 0.3 V	V _{CCB}	= 5 V .5 V	UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Data rate			100		100	Mbps
t _w	Pulse duration	Data inputs	10		10		ns



6.11 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 1.2 V

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

DA	RAMETER	TEST	V _{CCE}	₃ = 1.8 V		V _{CCB}	= 2.5 V		V _{cc}	_B = 3.3 V		V _C	_{CB} = 5 V		UNIT
PA	KAWEIEK	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNII
	Propagation	A-to-B		6.9			5.7			5.3			5.5		
t _{pd}	delay time	B-to-A		7.4			6.4			6			5.8		ns
	Enable time	OE-to-A		1			1			1			1		
t _{en}	Enable time	OE-to-B		1			1			1			1		μs
	Disable disse	OE-to-A		18			15			14			14		
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-B		20			17			16			16		ns
t_{rA},t_{fA}	Input rise time, input fall time	A-port rise and fall times		4.2			4.2			4.2			4.2		ns
t_{rB},t_{fB}	Input rise time, input fall time	B-port rise and fall times		2.1			1.5			1.2			1.1		ns
t _{SK(O)}	Skew (time), output	Channel-to- channel skew		0.4			0.5			0.5			1.4		ns
	Maximum data rate			20			20			20			20		Mbps

6.12 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PA	ARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		= 1.8 V 15 V		= 2.5 V .2 V		= 3.3 V 0.3 V		= 5 V .5 V	UNIT
		CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Propagation	A-to-B	1.4	12.9	1.2	10.1	1.1	10	0.8	9.9	
t _{pd}	delay time	B-to-A	0.9	14.2	0.7	12	0.4	11.7	0.3	13.7	ns
	Facility times	OE-to-A		1		1		1		1	
t _{en}	Enable time	OE-to-B		1		1		1		1	μs
	D: 11 6	OE-to-A	5.9	31	5.7	25.9	5.6	23	5.7	22.4	
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-B	5.4	30.3	4.9	22.8	4.8	20	4.9	19.5	ns
t _{rA} , t _{fA}	Input rise time, input fall time	A-port rise and fall times	1.4	5.1	1.4	5.1	1.4	5.1	1.4	5.1	ns
t _{rB} , t _{fB}	Input rise time, input fall time	B-port rise and fall times	0.9	4.5	0.6	3.2	0.5	2.8	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}	Skew (time), output	Channel-to- channel skew		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5	ns
	Maximum data rate		40		40		40		40		Mbps



6.13 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PAI	RAMETER	TEST		= 1.8 V 15 V		= 2.5 V .2 V		= 3.3 V 3 V		= 5 V .5 V	UNIT
		CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	Propagation	A-to-B	1.6	11	1.4	7.7	1.3	6.8	1.2	6.5	
t _{pd}	delay time	B-to-A	1.5	12	1.3	8.4	1	7.6	0.9	7.1	ns
	Cashla tima	OE-to-A		1		1		1		1	
t _{en}	Enable time	OE-to-B		1		1		1		1	μs
	Disable	OE-to-A	5.9	31	5.1	21.3	5	19.3	5	17.4	
t _{dis}	time	OE-to-B	5.4	30.3	4.4	20.8	4.2	17.9	4.3	16.3	ns
t _{rA} , t _{fA}	Input rise time, input fall time	A-port rise and fall times	1	4.2	1.1	4.1	1.1	4.1	1.1	4.1	ns
t _{rB} , t _{fB}	Input rise time, input fall time	B-port rise and fall times	0.9	3.8	0.6	3.2	0.5	2.8	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}	Skew (time), output	Channel-to- channel skew		0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5	ns
	Maximum data rate		60		60		60		60		Mbps

6.14 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

DAF	AMETER	TEST	V _{CCB} = 2.	5 V ± 0.2 V	V _{CCB} = 3.3	3 V ± 0.3 V	V _{CCB} = 5	V ± 0.5 V	LINUT
PAR	RAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Propagatio	A-to-B	1.1	6.3	1	5.2	0.9	4.7	
t _{pd}	n delay time	B-to-A	1.2	6.6	1.1	5.1	0.9	4.4	ns
	Enable	OE-to-A		1		1		1	
t _{en}	time	OE-to-B		1		1		1	μS
	Disable	OE-to-A	5.1	21.3	4.6	15.2	4.6	13.2	
t _{dis}	time	OE-to-B	4.4	20.8	3.8	16	3.9	13.9	ns
t_{rA}, t_{fA}	Input rise time, input fall time	A-port rise and fall times	0.8	3	0.8	3	0.8	3	ns
t _{rB} , t _{fB}	Input rise time, input fall time	B-port rise and fall times	0.7	2.6	0.5	2.8	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}	Skew (time), output	Channel-to- channel skew		0.5		0.5		0.5	ns
	Maximum data rate		100		100		100		Mbps



6.15 Switching Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

DA	DAMETED	TEST	$V_{CCB} = 3.3$	3 V ± 0.3 V	V _{CCB} = 5	V ± 0.5 V	LINUT
PAI	RAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Propagation	A-to-B	0.9	4.7	0.8	4	20
t _{pd}	delay time	B-to-A	1	4.9	0.9	3.8	ns
	Facilia das	OE-to-A		1		1	
t _{en}	Enable time	OE-to-B		1		1	μS
	Diochlo ti	OE-to-A	4.6	15.2	4.3	12.1	n-
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-B	3.8	16	3.4	13.2	ns
t_{rA},t_{fA}	Input rise time, input fall time	A-port rise and fall times	0.7	2.5	0.7	2.5	ns
t_{rB}, t_{fB}	Input rise time, input fall time	B-port rise and fall times	0.5	2.1	0.4	2.7	ns
t _{SK(O)}	Skew (time), output	Channel-to- channel skew		0.5		0.5	ns
	Maximum data rate		100		100		Mbps



6.16 Operating Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ to 1.5 V, $V_{CCB} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ to 1.8 V

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

DA	RAMETER	TEST CO	NDITIONS	V _{CCA} = 1.2 V	/, V _{CCB}	=1.5 V	V _{CCA} = 1.2	V, V _{CCB}	= 1.8 V	V _{CCA} = 1.5	V, V _{CCB} =	= 1.8 V	UNIT
PA	KAWEIEK	IESI CO	INDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C	Power	0 0	A-port input, B-port output		7.8			10			9		
C _{pdA}	dissipation capacitance	$C_L = 0$ f = 10 MHz $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	B-port input, A-port output		12			11			11		~F
	Power	OE = V _{CCA} (outputs	A-port input, B-port output		38.1			28			28		pF
C _{pdB}	dissipation capacitance	enabled)	B-port input, A-port output		25.4			19			18		
	Power	0 0	A-port input, B-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01		
C _{pdA}	dissipation capacitance	$C_L = 0$ f = 10 MHz $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	B-port input, A-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01		~F
	Power	OE = GND (outputs	A-port input, B-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01		pF
C _{pdB}	dissipation capacitance	disabled)	B-port input, A-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01		

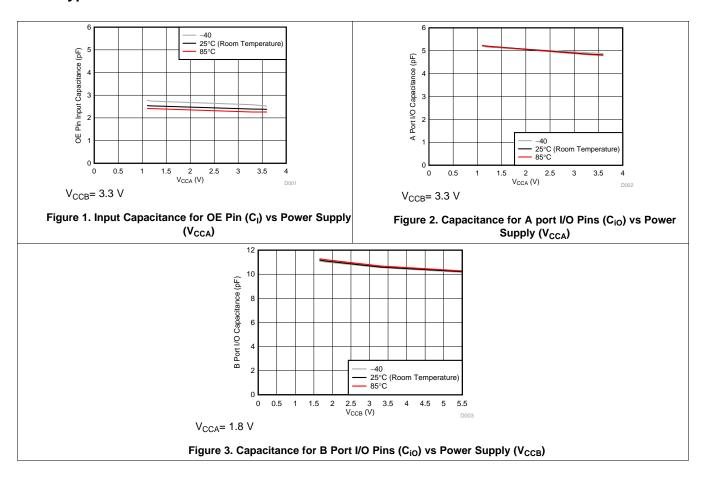
6.17 Operating Characteristics: $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.3 V, $V_{CCB} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ to 5 V

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

	RAMETER	TEST CO	ONDITIONS		_{CA} = 1.8 _{CB} =1.8			_{CA} = 2.5 _{CB} = 2.5			_{:A} = 2.5 : _{CB} = 5			_{CA} = 3.3 \ 3.3 V to		UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
_	Power dissipation	$C_1 = 0$	A-port input, B-port output		8			8			8			9		
C _{pdA}	capacitanc e	f = 10 MHz $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	B-port input, A-port output		11			11			11			11		pF
	Power dissipation	OE = V _{CCA} (outputs enabled)	A-port input, B-port output		28			29			29			29		рг
C _{pdB}	capacitanc e	enableu)	B-port input, A-port output		18			19			21			22		
_	Power dissipation	0 0	A-port input, B-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01			0.01		
C _{pdA}	capacitanc e	$C_L = 0$ f = 10 MHz $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$	B-port input, A-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01			0.01		~F
_	Power dissipation	OE = GND (outputs disabled)	A-port input, B-port output		0.01		0.01		0.01 0.01 0		0.01		0.03		pF	
C _{pdB}	capacitanc e	uisabieu)	B-port input, A-port output		0.01			0.01			0.01			0.04		



6.18 Typical Characteristics





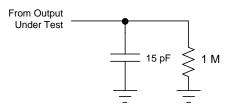
7 Parameter Measurement Information

Unless otherwise noted, all input pulses are supplied by generators that have the following characteristics:

- PRR 10 MHz
- $Z_0 = 50 \text{ W}$
- dv/dt ≥ 1 V/ns

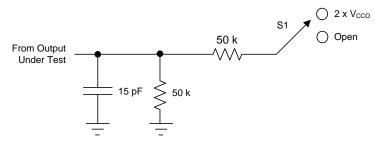
NOTE

All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.



(1) The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 4. Load Circuit For Maximum Data Rate: Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay Output Rise, And Fall Time Measurement



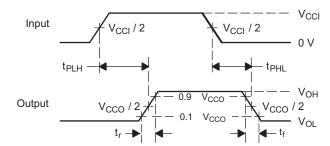
(1) The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 5. Load Circuit For Enable / Disable Time Measurement

Table 1. Switch Position For Enable / Disable Time Measurement (See Figure 5)

TEST	S1
t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}	2 × V _{CCO}
t _{PHZ} , t _{PZH}	Open





- (1) V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- (2) V_{CCO} is the $_{VCC}$ associated with the output port.
- (3) t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
- (4) The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 6. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay Times

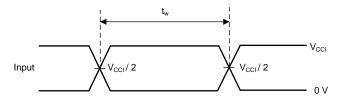


Figure 7. Voltage Waveforms Pulse Duration

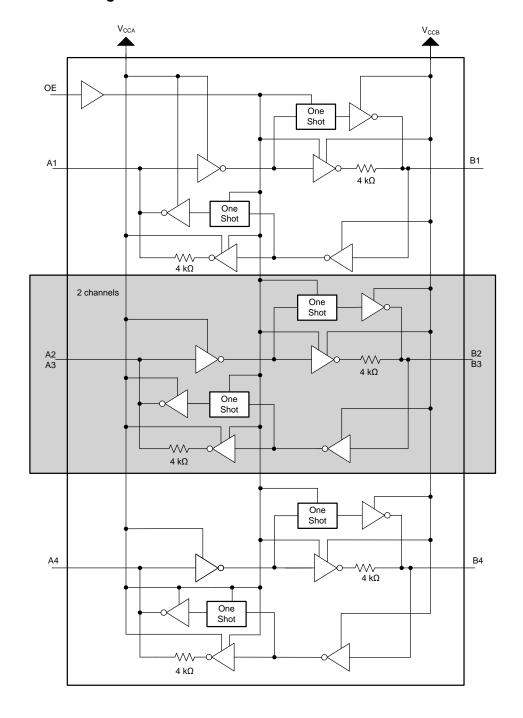


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TXB0104 device is a 4-bit, directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.2 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The device is a buffered architecture with edge-rate accelerators (one-shots) to improve the overall data rate. This device can only translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs. If for open-drain signal translation, please refer to Tl's TXS010X products.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



Product Folder Links: TXB0104

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8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Architecture

The TXB0104 device architecture (see Figure 8) does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A. In a DC state, the output drivers of the device maintain a high or low, but are designed to be weak, so the output drivers can be overdriven by an external driver when data on the bus flows the opposite direction.

The output one-shots detect rising or falling edges on the A or B ports. During a rising edge, the one-shot turns on the PMOS transistors (T1, T3) for a short duration, which speeds up the low-to-high transition. Similarly, during a falling edge, the one-shot turns on the NMOS transistors (T2, T4) for a short duration, which speeds up the high-to-low transition. The typical output impedance during output transition is 70 Ω at V_{CCO} = 1.2 V to 1.8 V, 50 Ω at V_{CCO} = 1.8 V to 3.3 V, and 40 Ω at V_{CCO} = 3.3 V to 5 V.

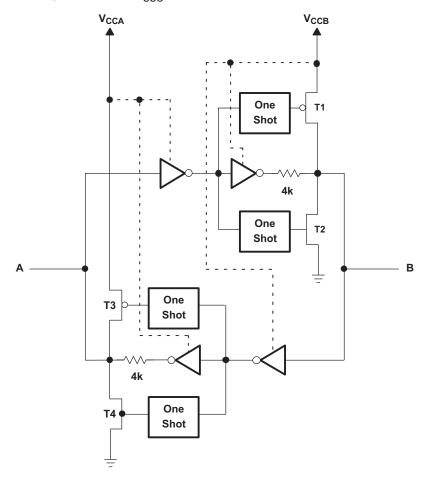
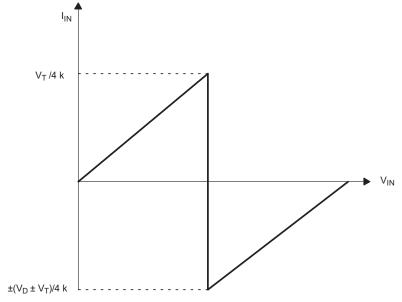


Figure 8. Architecture of TXB0104 Device I/O Cell

Feature Description (continued)

8.3.2 Input Driver Requirements

Typical I_{IN} vs V_{IN} characteristics of the device are shown in Figure 9. For proper operation, the device driving the data I/Os of the TXB0104 device must have drive strength of at least ± 2 mA.



- (1) $\mbox{ V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize T}}$ is the input threshold of the TXB0104 device, (typically $\mbox{ V}_{\mbox{\scriptsize CC}}$ / 2).
- (2) V_D is the supply voltage of the external driver.

Figure 9. Typical I_{IN} vs V_{IN} Curve

8.3.3 Output Load Considerations

TI recommends careful PCB layout practices with short PCB trace lengths to avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure that proper O.S. triggering takes place. PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough such that the round trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration. This improves signal integrity by ensuring that any reflection sees a low impedance at the driver. The O.S. circuits have been designed to stay on for approximately 10 ns. The maximum capacitance of the lumped load that can be driven also depends directly on the one-shot duration. With very heavy capacitive loads, the one-shot can time-out before the signal is driven fully to the positive rail. The O.S. duration has been set to best optimize trade-offs between dynamic ICC, load driving capability, and maximum bit-rate considerations. Both PCB trace length and connectors add to the capacitance that the device output sees, so it is recommended that this lumped-load capacitance be considered to avoid O.S. retriggering, bus contention, output signal oscillations, or other adverse system-level affects.



Feature Description (continued)

8.3.4 Enable and Disable

The TXB0104 device has an OE input that is used to disable the device by setting OE = low, which places all I/Os in the high-impedance (Hi-Z) state. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between when OE goes low and when the outputs acutally get disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.

8.3.5 Pullup or Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

The device is designed to drive capacitive loads of up to 70 pF. The output drivers of the TXB0104 device have low dc drive strength. If pullup or pulldown resistors are connected externally to the data I/Os, their values must be kept higher than 50 k Ω to ensure that they do not contend with the output drivers of the TXB0104 device.

For the same reason, the TXB0104 device must not be used in applications such as I^2C or 1-Wire where an open-drain driver is connected on the bidirectional data I/O. For these applications, use a device from the TI TXS01xx series of level translators.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device, set the OE input to low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input to high will enable the device.



9 Application and Implementation

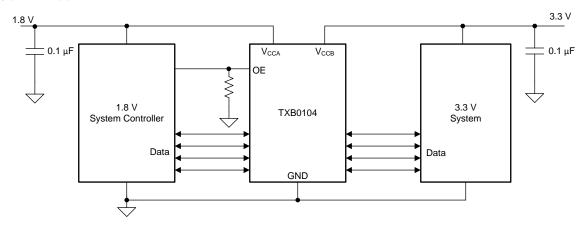
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers must validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TXB0104 device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. It can only translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs. If for open-drain signal translation, please refer to TI TXS010X products. Any external pulldown or pullup resistors are recommended larger than 50 k Ω .

9.2 Typical Application



9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2. And make sure the $V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$.

Table 2. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETERS	EXAMPLE VALUE				
Input voltage range	1.2 V to 3.6 V				
Output voltage range	1.65 V to 5.5 V				



9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXB0104 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high, the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low, the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the device is driving to determine the output voltage range.
 - External pullup or pulldown resistors are not recommended. If mandatory, it is recommended that the value must be larger than 50 $k\Omega$.
- \bullet An external pulldown or pullup resistor decreases the output V_{OH} and V_{OL} . Use the below equations to draft estimate the V_{OH} and V_{OL} as a result of an external pulldown and pullup resistor.

$$\begin{split} V_{OH} &= V_{CCx} \times R_{PD} \: / \: (R_{PD} + 4.5 \: k\Omega) \\ V_{OL} &= V_{CCx} \times 4.5 \: k\Omega \: / \: (R_{PU} + 4.5 \: k\Omega) \end{split}$$

Where

- V_{CCx} is the output port supply voltage on either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB}
- R_{PD} is the value of the external pull down resistor
- R_{PU} is the value of the external pull up resistor
- 4.5 k Ω is the counting the variation of the serial resistor 4 k Ω in the I/O line.

9.2.3 Application Curves

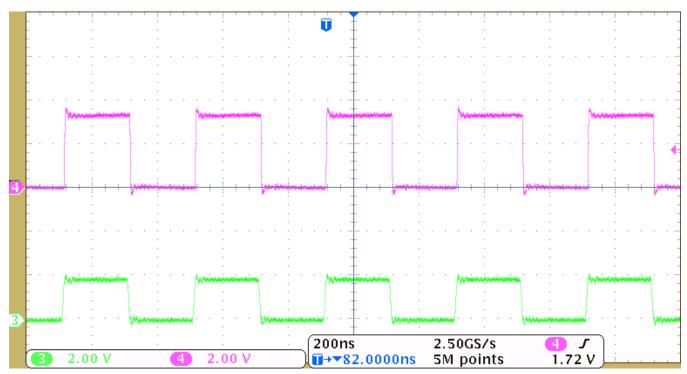


Figure 10. Level-Translation of a 2.5-MHz Signal



10 Power Supply Recommendations

During operation, ensure that $V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$ at all times. During power-up sequencing, $V_{CCA} \ge V_{CCB}$ does not damage the device, so any power supply can be ramped up first. The device has circuitry that disables all output ports when either V_{CC} is switched off ($V_{CCA/B} = 0$ V). The output-enable (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pulldown resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

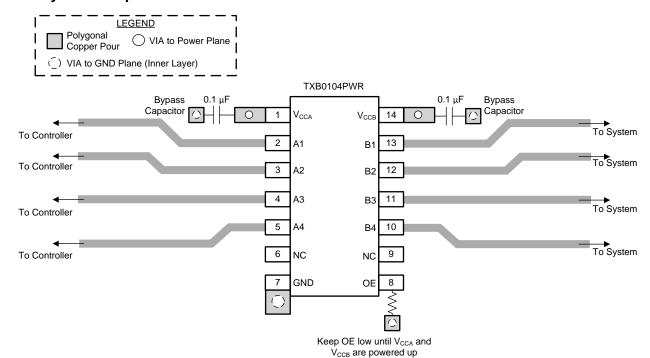
11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors must be used on power supplies, and must be placed as close as possible to the V_{CCA},
 V_{CCB} pin and GND pin.
- Short trace-lengths must be used to avoid excessive loading.
- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration, approximately 10 ns, ensuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the source driver.

11.2 Layout Example





12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

is a trademark of ~ Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.



13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



MECHANICAL DATA

YZT (R-XBGA-N12) (CUSTOM) DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY 1,00 0,50 1,50 0,25 Ball A3 Index Area Bottom View 12X Ø 0,25 0,21 **♦** Ø 0,015 **W** C A B

_____O,05 C

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Seating Plane

All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994. This drawing is subject to change without notice. NOTES:

- NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



4205418-6/H 05/13

D: Max = 1.89 mm, Min = 1.83 mmE: Max = 1.39 mm, Min = 1.33 mm

0,625 Max





6-Feb-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
HPA01164RUTR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2KR, 2KV)	Samples
TXB0104D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXB0104	Samples
TXB0104DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXB0104	Samples
TXB0104DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXB0104	Samples
TXB0104DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXB0104	Samples
TXB0104PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YE04	Samples
TXB0104PWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YE04	Samples
TXB0104RGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	YE04	Samples
TXB0104RGYRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	YE04	Samples
TXB0104RUTR	ACTIVE	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	NIPDAU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2KR, 2KV)	Samples
TXB0104YZTR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2K, 2K7)	Samples
TXB0104ZXUR	ACTIVE	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZXU	12	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YE04	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

6-Feb-2020

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXB0104:

Automotive: TXB0104-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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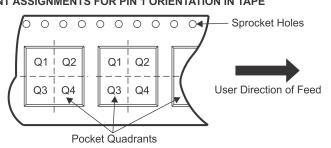
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
D1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TXB0104DR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TXB0104PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXB0104RGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXB0104RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	180.0	9.5	1.9	2.2	0.7	4.0	8.0	Q1
TXB0104RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.95	2.3	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
TXB0104YZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.49	1.99	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q2
TXB0104ZXUR	BGA MI CROSTA R JUNI OR	ZXU	12	2500	330.0	8.4	2.3	2.8	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

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*All dimensions are nominal

All difficultions are norminal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXB0104DR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
TXB0104PWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TXB0104RGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TXB0104RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	189.0	185.0	36.0
TXB0104RUTR	UQFN	RUT	12	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TXB0104YZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TXB0104ZXUR	BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR	ZXU	12	2500	350.0	350.0	43.0

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