General Description

The EA8103 is a high switching frequency, high efficiency synchronous buck regulator, designed to operate from 2.6V to 6V input voltage range. Built-in low $R_{\rm DS(ON)}$ high/low side Power-MOSFETS not only reduce external components and has up to 95% efficiency, ideal for 1.2A output current applications. The EA8103 is designed to take into account the light load mode operation and can provide high efficiency over a wide range of the load current. The internal compensation design not only allows users to more simplified application, and can reduce the cost of external components. The EA8103 is available in the SOT-23-5 package and easy to use.

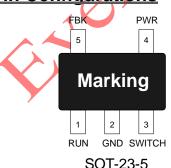
Features

- ▶ 1uA Ultra Low Quiescent Current
- ▶ Built-in Low R_{DS(ON)} Power-MOSFETS
- ► Efficiency Up to 96%
- ▶ 2.6V to 6V Input Voltage Range
- Adjustable Output Voltage Range as Low as to 1.13V
- ► Fixed 1.35MHz Switching Frequency
- ▶ 1.2A Continuous Load Current
- <1uA Shutdown Current</p>
- PFM Mode Operation at Light Load
- Internal Compensation
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limit
- Short Circuit Protection
- OTP Protection
- Available in SOT-23-5 Package

<u>Applications</u>

- Battery Powered Devices
- Handheld Devices
- Wearable Devices.
- ▶ IOT

Pin Configurations





Datasheet

Pin Description

Pin Name	Function Description	Pin No.
RUN	The device turns on/turns off control input. Drive this pin above 1.5V to turn on, drive this pin below 0.4V to turn off. Don't leave this pin floating.	1
GND	Ground pin.	2
SWITCH	Power switch output pin. Connect SWITCH pin to the switching node of the inductor.	3
PWR	The EA8103 power input pin. It is recommended to use a 10uF MLCC capacitor between PWR pin and GND pin. The ceramic capacitor must be placed as close to the PWR pin as possible to avoid noise interference.	74
FBK	Feedback input. Connect FBK pin and GND pin with voltage dividing resistors to set the output voltage.	5

Function Block Diagram

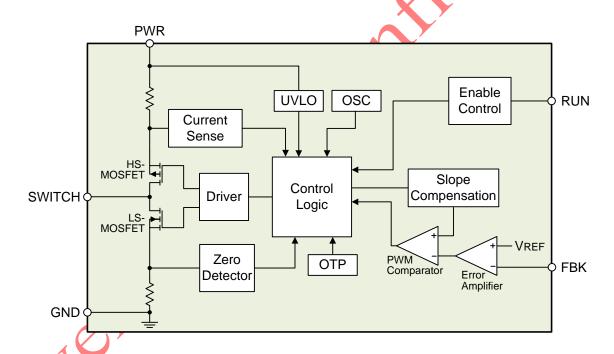


Figure 1. EA8103 internal function block diagram



Datasheet

1uA Ultra Low Quiescent Current 1.2A Sync. Buck Converter

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value
Input Supply Voltage (V _{PWR})	-0.3V to +7V
RUN Pin Input Voltage (V _{RUN})	-0.3V to +7V
SWITCH Pin Voltage (V _{SWITCH})	-0.3V to (V _{PWR} +0.3V)
FBK Pin Voltage (V _{FBK})	-0.3V to +7V
Ambient Temperature operating Range (T _A)	-40°C to +85°C
Maximum Junction Temperature (T _{Jmax})	+150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	+260°C
Storage Temperature Range (T _S)	-65°C to +150°C

Note (1):Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Package Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Value
SOT-23-5 Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	125°C/W
SOT-23-5 Thermal Resistance (θ _{JA})	250°C/W
SOT-23-5 Power Dissipation at T _A =25°C (P _{Dmax}	0.5W

Note (1): P_{Dmax} is calculated according to the formula: $P_{DMax} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Value
Input Supply Voltage (V _{PWR})	+2.6V to +6V
Junction Temperature Range (T _J)	-40°C to +125°C



Datasheet

Electrical Characteristics

 V_{PWR} =5V, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage	V_{PWR}		2.6		6	V
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SD}	$V_{RUN} = 0V$		0.1	1	uA
Quiescent Current	IQ	$V_{RUN} = 2V, V_{FB} = 1.2V$		1	,	uA
UVLO Threshold	V_{UVLO}	V _{PWR} Rising	2.2	2.35	2.5	V
UVLO Hysteresis	$V_{\text{UV-HYS}}$			0.1	K \	V
Output Load Current	I_{LOAD}				1.2	Α
Reference Voltage	V_{REF}		1.107	1.13	1.153	V
Switching Frequency	F _{SW}	$I_{LOAD} = 100 mA$	>	1.35		MHz
PMOS On-Resistance	R _{DS(ON)-P}	$I_{LOAD} = 100mA$	2	200		mΩ
NMOS On-Resistance	R _{DS(ON)-N}	$I_{LOAD} = 100 mA$	X	300		mΩ
PMOS Current Limit	I _{LIM-P}		1.8	2.4		Α
SWITCH Leakage Current	I _{LEAK-SWITCH}	$V_{PWR} = 5V$, $V_{RUN} = 0V$, $V_{SWITCH} = 0V$ or $5V$	-1		1	uA
FBK Leakage Current	I _{LEAK-FBK}	$V_{FB} = V_{PWR}$	-1		1	uA
RUN Pin Input Low Voltage	V _{RUN-L}	20			0.4	V
RUN Pin Input High Voltage	V _{RUN-H}		1.5			V
Input Over-Voltage Protection Threshold	V _{OVP}			7		V
Input Over-Voltage Protection Hysteresis	V _{OVP-HYS}			0.3		V
Thermal Shutdown Threshold	T_{OTP}			160		°C

Note (1): MOSFET on-resistance specifications are guaranteed by correlation to wafer level measurements.

⁽²⁾ Thermal shutdown specifications are guaranteed by correlation to the design and characteristics analysis.

Datasheet

1uA Ultra Low Quiescent Current 1.2A Sync. Buck Converter

Application Circuit Diagram

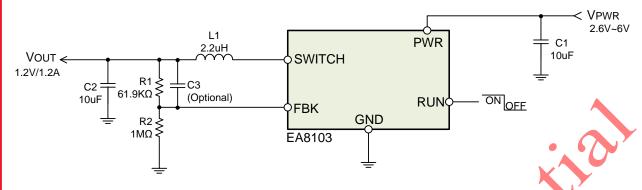


Figure 2. Typical application circuit diagram

Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Type	Packing Information
EA8103T5R	SOT-23-5	Tape & Reel / 3000

Note (1):"T5": Package type code.

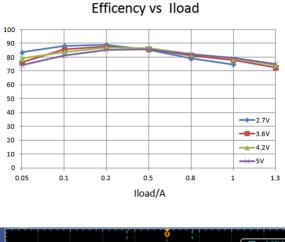
(2):"R": Tape & Reel.

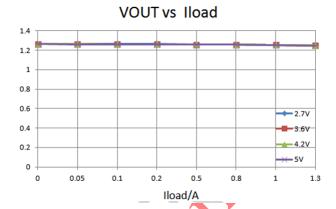


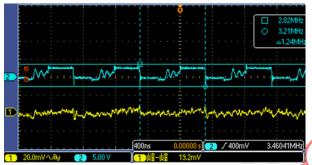
Datasheet

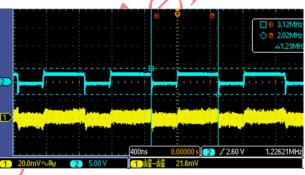
Typical Operating Characteristics

 V_{PWR} =5V, V_{OUT} =1.2V, L1=2.2uH, C1=C2=10uF, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted



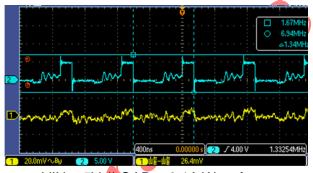


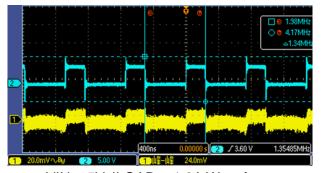




VIN = 2.7V, ILOAD = 0.1A Waveform







VIN = 5V, ILOAD = 0.1A Waveform

VIN = 5V, ILOAD = 1.2A Waveform



Datasheet

1uA Ultra Low Quiescent Current 1.2A Sync. Buck Converter

Application Information

Output Voltage Setting

The EA8103 output voltage can be set via a resistor divider (R1, R2). The output voltage is calculated by following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 1.13 \times \frac{R1}{R2} + 1.13 \text{ V}$$

The following table lists common output voltage and the corresponding R1, R2 resistance value for reference.

Output Voltage	R1 Resistance	R2 Resistance	Tolerance
3.3V	965ΚΩ	499ΚΩ	1%
1.8V	300ΚΩ	499ΚΩ	1%
1.5V	332ΚΩ	1ΜΩ	1%
1.2V	61.9ΚΩ	1ΜΩ 🛕 🙋	1%

Input / Output Capacitors Selection

The input capacitors are used to suppress the noise amplitude of the input voltage and provide a stable and clean DC input to the device. Because the ceramic capacitor has low ESR characteristic, so it is suitable for input capacitor use. It is recommended to use X5R or X7R MLCC capacitors in order to have better temperature performance and smaller capacitance tolerance. In order to suppress the output voltage ripple, the MLCC capacitor is also the best choice. The suggested part numbers of input / output capacitors are as follows:

Vendor	Part Number	Capacitance	Edc	Parameter	Size
TDK	C2012X5R1A106K	10uF	10V	X5R	0805
TDK	C3216X7R1A106K	10uF	10V	X7R	1206

Output Inductor Selection

The output inductor selection mainly depends on the amount of ripple current through the inductor ΔI_{L} . Large ΔI_{L} will cause larger output voltage ripple and loss, but the user can use a smaller inductor to save cost and space. On the contrary, the larger inductance can get smaller ΔI_{L} and thus the smaller output voltage ripple and loss. But it will increase the space and the cost. The inductor value can be calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{\text{PWR}} - V_{\text{OUT}}}{\Delta I_{\text{L}} \times F_{\text{SW}}} \times \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{PWR}}}$$

For most applications, 1uH to 4.7uH inductors are suitable for EA8103.

PCB Layout Recommendations

For EA8103 PCB layout considerations, please refer to the following suggestions in order to get good performance.

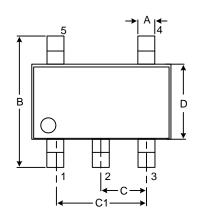
- High current path traces need to be widened.
- Place the input capacitors as close as possible to the PWR pin to reduce noise interference.
- Keep the feedback path (from V_{OUT} to FBK) away from the noise node (ex. SWITCH). SWITCH is a high current noise node. Complete the layout by using short and wide traces.



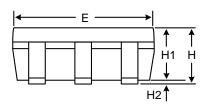
Datasheet

Package Information

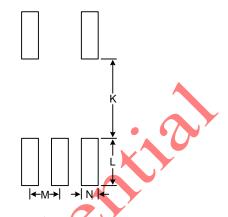
SOT-23-5 Package



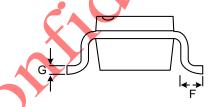
Top View



Side View



Recommended Layout Pattern



Front View

U	nit:	mm	

Symbol	Dimension		Symbol	Dimension
Syllibol	Min	Max	Syllibol	Тур
Α	0.25	0.52	K	1.40
В	2.59	3.01	L	1.40
С	0.85	1.05	М	0.95
C1	1.70	2.10	N	0.65
D	1.40	1.80		
Е	2,70	3.10		
F	0.30	0.62		
G	0.08	0.25		
H	0.89	1.35		
H1)	0.89	1.20		
H2	0.00	0.15		