

## 1A Single Chip Li-Ion and Li-Polymer Charger

### **General Description**

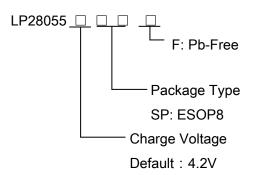
The LP28055 is a complete constant-current/ constant voltage linear charger for single cell lithium-ion battery. Its ESOP8 package and low external component count make the LP28055 ideally suited for portable applications. No external sense resistor is needed, and no blocking diode is required due to the internal MOSFET architecture. Thermal feedback regulates the charge current to limit the die temperature during high power operation or high ambient temperature. The charge voltage is fixed at 4.2V, and the charge current can be ISET programmed externally with a single resistor.

The LP28055 automatically terminates the charge cycle when the charge current drops to 1/10 setting current value after the final float voltage is reached.

When the input supply is removed, the LP28055 automatically enters a low current state, dropping the battery drain current to less than < 1 $\mu$ A.

Other features include charge current monitor, under voltage lockout, automatic recharge and a status pin to indicate charge termination and the presence of an input voltage.

### **Order Information**



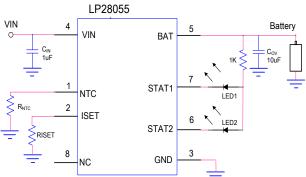
### **Applications**

- ♦ Portable Media Players/Game
- ♦ Power Bank
- ♦ Bluetooth Applications
- ♦ PDA/MID

### **Features**

- input voltage up to 28V
- input Over Voltage Protection : 7V
- Short-circuit protection
- Programmable Charge Current Up to 1000mA
- < 1µA Battery Reverse Current</p>
- Protection of Reverse Connection of Battery
- No MOSFET, Sense Resistor or Blocking Diode Required
- Constant-Current/Constant-Voltage Operation with Thermal Regulation to Maximize Charge Rate Without Risk of Overheating
- ESOP8 Package
- RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free

# **Typical Application Circuit**



### **Marking Information**

Device	Marking	Package	Shipping
	LPS		
LP28055SPF	LP28055	ESOP8	4K/REEL
	YWX		
Marking indication:			
Y:Production year W:Production week X: Series Number			



## **Functional Pin Description**

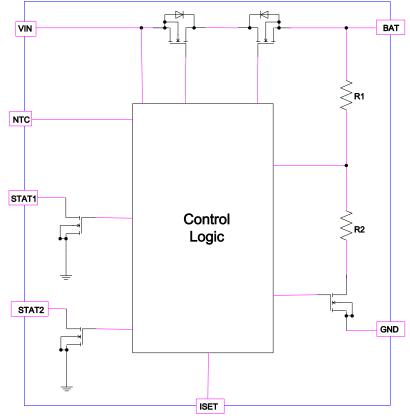
Package Type	Pin Configurations
ESOP8	NTC 1 ISET 2 GND 3 9 6 STAT2 VIN 4 ESOP8 TOP VIEW

## **Pin Description**

PIN No.	PIN NAME	DESCRIPTION	
1	NTC	Negative Thermal Coefficient (NTC) Thermistor Pin.	
2	ISET	Charge Current Program. The charge current is programmed by connecting a 1% resistor( $R_{ISET}$ ) to ground.	
3	GND	GND is the connection to system ground.	
4	VIN	VIN is the input power source. Connect to a wall adapter.	
5	BAT	AT BAT is the connection to the battery. Typically a 10µF Tantalum capacitor is needed for stability when there no battery attached. When a battery is attached, only a 1uF ceramic capacitor is required.	
6	6 STAT2 Open-Drain Charge Status Output. When the battery is charging, the STAT2 pin could be pulled High external pull high resistor. When the charge cycle is completed, the pin is pulled Low by an internal N-ch MOSFET.		
7	STAT1	Open-Drain Charge Status Output. When the battery is charging, the STAT1 pin is pulled low by an internal NMOS. When the charge cycle is completed, the pin could be pulled High by an external pull high resistor.	
8	NC	No Connector.	



### **Function Block Diagram**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

♦	Input Voltage to GND	0.3V to 28V
¢	BAT voltage GND	5V to 7V
¢	Other pin to GND	0.3V to 6.5V
¢	Maximum Junction Temperature	125°C
¢	Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads, 10 sec)	260°C
∻	Storage Temperature	55°C to 150°C

### **Thermal Information**

Ŷ	Maximum Power Dissipation ( $PD,T_A=25^{\circ}C$ )	 1.5W
∻	Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	 65°C/W

## **ESD Susceptibility**

Ŷ	HBM(Human Body N	Node)	- 2KV
$\diamond$	MM(Machine Mode)		200V

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

$\diamond$	nput supply voltage 4.5V to 6.5	5V
$\diamond$	Operating Junction Temperature Range (TJ)	°C



### **Electrical Characteristics**

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V, unless otherwise noted.)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNITS
VIN	Input Voltage		3.5	5	28	V
lin	Input Supply Current	$I_{BAT} = 0$		1000		uA
VFLOAT	Regulated Output (Float) Voltage	I <sub>BAT</sub> = 40mA,	4.158	4.2	4.242	V
Vuv	VIN Under voltage Lockout Threshold	From VIN Low to High	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
V <sub>UVHYS</sub>	VIN Under voltage Lockout Hysteresis			150		mV
Vovp	Input Voltage OVP	V <sub>IN</sub> Rising	6.7	7	7.3	V
Vovp-hys	OVP Hysteresis			0.2		V
		R <sub>ISET</sub> = 1.5k, Current Mode		1000		mA
Іват	BAT Pin Current	V <sub>BAT</sub> = 4.2V		1		
		Vin=float or 0V		1		uA
I <sub>TRIKL</sub>	Trickle Charge Current	V <sub>BAT</sub> < V <sub>TRIKL</sub> , R <sub>ISET</sub> = 1.5k, Current Mode		10		% I <sub>bat</sub>
Vtrikl	Trickle Charge Threshold Voltage	V <sub>BAT</sub> Rising		2.6		V
V <sub>TRHYS</sub>	Trickle Charge Hysteresis Voltage			150		mV
I <sub>TERM</sub>	Termination Current Threshold			10		% I <sub>BAT</sub>
VISET	ISET Pin Voltage	Current Mode		1		V
ISTAT	STAT1/STAT2 Pin Weak Pull-Down Current	V <sub>STAT</sub> = 5V			5	uA
VSTAT	CHRG Pin Output Low Voltage	I <sub>STAT</sub> = 5mA			0.1	V
VNTC-0°C	Low temperature pending voltage threshold			1.18		V
VNTC-10°C	half charging current mode voltage threshold (Low temperature)			0.75		V
VNTC-60°C	High temperature Disable voltage threshold			0.17		V
VNTC_HYS	Hysteresis			40		mV
INTC	NTC bias current	R <sub>NTC</sub> =10K		48		uA
V <sub>RESTAT</sub>	Recharge Voltage Threshold	V <sub>IN</sub> =5V		4.05		V
ΔV <sub>RESTAT</sub>	Recharge Battery Threshold Voltage	V <sub>FLOAT</sub> - V <sub>RESTAT</sub>		150		mV
TLIM	Junction Temperature in Constant Temp	erature Mode		125		°C



### **Application Information**

#### Input Voltage Range

The LP28055 has built-in input voltage surge protection as high as +28V. The charger IC will be automatically disabled when the input voltage is lower than 3.3V or higher than 7.0V.

A charge cycle begins when the voltage at the VIN pin rises above the UVLO threshold level, when a battery is connected to the charger output. If the BAT pin is less than 2.6V, the charger enters trickle charge mode. In this mode, the LP28055 supplies approximately 1/10 the ISET programmed charge current to bring the battery voltage up to a safe level for full current charging. When the BAT pin voltage rises above 2.6V, the charger enters constant-current mode(CC), where the ISET programmed charge current is supplied to the battery. When the BAT pin approaches the final float voltage, the LP28055 enters constant-voltage mode(CV) and the charge current begins to decrease, and the battery full indication is set when the charge current in the CV mode is reduced to the programmed full battery current (1/10).

#### **ISET programming Charge Current**

The charge current  $(I_{BAT})$  is set by a resistor  $(R_{ISET})$  connecting from the ISET pin to GND. The relationship of the charge current and the programming resistance is established by the following table.

Riset(K Ω)	I <sub>BAT</sub> (mA)	
1.3	1150	
1.5	1000	
2	700	
3.3	420	
10	130	

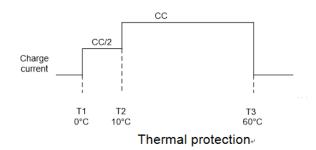
#### Charge Termination

A charge cycle is terminated when the charge current falls to 1/10th the ISET programmed value after the final float voltage is reached. This condition is detected by using an internal, filtered comparator to monitor the ISET pin. When the ISET pin voltage falls below 100mV for longer than t<sub>TERM</sub> (typically 1ms), charging is terminated.

The LP28055 constantly monitors the BAT pin voltage in standby mode. If this voltage drops below the 4.05V recharge threshold ( $V_{RESTAT}$ ), another charge cycle begins and current is once again supplied to the battery. To manually restart a charge cycle when in standby mode, the input voltage must be removed and reapplied, or the charger must be shut down and restarted using the ISET pin.

#### **Battery Temperature Sensing**

The NTC function for the LP28055 is designed to follow the new JEITA temperature standard for Li-Ion and Li-Polymer batteries. There are three thresholds namely, 60°C, 10°C and 0°C. Normal operation occurs between 10°C and 60°C and battery is charged at 1C in CC mode. If between 0°C and 10°C, the battery is charged at C/2 in CC mode. Above 60°C or below 0°C, charging is disabled.



The NTC feature is implemented using an internal  $48\mu$ A current source to bias the thermistor connected from the NTC terminal to GND(designed for use with a 10k NTC  $\beta$  = 3370 [SEMITEC 103AT-2 or Mitsubishi TH05-3H103F]). If NTC feature is not needed, a fixed 10k $\Omega$  can be placed between NTC and GND to allow normal operation. Since the I<sub>NTC</sub> current is fixed along with the temperature thresholds, it is not possible to use thermistor values other than the 10k NTC (at 25°C).

#### **Automatic Recharge**

Once the charge cycle is terminated, the LP28055 continuously monitors the voltage on the BAT pin. A charge cycle restarts when the battery voltage falls below 4.05V (which corresponds to approximately 80% to 90% battery capacity). This ensures that the battery is kept at or near a fully charged condition and eliminates the need for periodic charge cycle initiations.



#### Charge Status Indicator(STAT1/STAT2)

After application of a 5V source, the input voltage rises above the U<sub>VLO</sub> and sleep thresholds (V<sub>IN</sub>>V<sub>BAT</sub>+V<sub>DT</sub>),but is less than OVP (V<sub>IN</sub><V<sub>OVP</sub>),The charge status output has two different states: strong pull-down (~5mA) and high impedance. The strong pull-down state indicates that the LP28055 is in a charge cycle. Once the charge cycle has terminated, the pin state is determined by under voltage lockout conditions. High impedance indicates that the LP28055 is in under voltage lockout mode: either VIN is less than 100mV above the BAT pin voltage or insufficient voltage is applied to the VIN pin.

A microprocessor can be used to distinguish between these two states—this method is discussed in the Applications Information section.

Function	STAT1(pin7)	STAT2(pin6)
Charging	Low	High
Charge Finish	High	Low

#### **Thermal Limiting**

An internal thermal feedback loop reduces the  $I_{SET}$  programmed charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately  $125^{\circ}$ C. This feature protects the LP28055 from excessive temperature and allows the user to push the limits of the power handling capability of a given circuit board without risk of damaging the LP28055. The charge current can be set according to typical (not worst-case) ambient temperature with the assurance that the charger will automatically reduce the current in worst-case conditions.

#### **Power Dissipation**

The conditions that cause the LP28055 to reduce charge current through thermal feedback can be approximated by considering the power dissipated in the IC. Nearly all of this power dissipation is generated by the internal MOSFET calculated to be approximately:

PD=(VIN-VBAT) • IBAT

where PD is the power dissipated, VIN is the input supply voltage, VBAT is the battery voltage and IBAT is the charge current. The approximate ambient temperature at which the thermal feedback begins to protect the IC is:

#### T<sub>A</sub>=125°C-PD • θ<sub>JA</sub>

#### T<sub>A</sub>=125°C-(V<sub>IN</sub>-V<sub>BAT</sub>) • I<sub>BAT</sub> • θ<sub>JA</sub>

Example: An LP28055 operating from a 5V USB supply is programmed to supply 1000mA full-scale current to a discharged Li-Ion battery with a voltage of 3.75V. Assuming  $\theta$ JA is 65°C / W (see Board Layout Considerations), the ambient temperature at which the LP28055 will begin to reduce the charge current is approximately:

#### T<sub>A</sub>=125°C-(5V-3.75V) • (1000mA) • 65°C/W

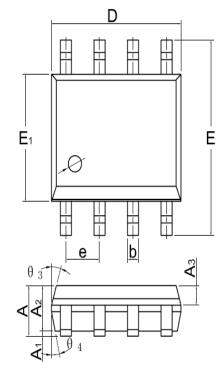
#### $T_A=125^{\circ}C-1W \cdot 65^{\circ}C/W=125^{\circ}C-65^{\circ}C T_A=60^{\circ}C$

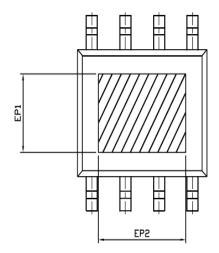
The LP28055 can be used above 60°C ambient, but the charge current will be reduced from 1000mA. The approximate current at a given ambient temperature can be approximated by:

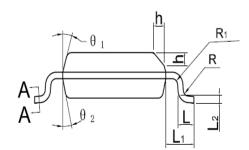
#### IBAT=(125°C-TA)/0JA/(VIN-VBAT)

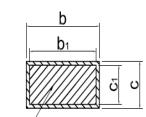


## **Packaging Information**









BASE METAL

SECTIONA-A 6:1

#### DIMENSIONS IN MUILLIMETERS

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
А	1,35	1,55	1,75
A1	0,00	—	0,10
A <sub>2</sub>	1,25	1,40	1,65
A3	0,50	0,60	0,70
b	0.39		0.49
b1	0.28		0.48
с	0.10		0.25
<b>C</b> 1	0.10	—	0.23
D	4.80	4.90	5.00
Е	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
е	1	.27BSC	
L	0.45		1.00
Lı	1	1.04REF	
L2	(	),25BSC	
R	0,07	-	
R1	0,07	—	
h	0,3	0,4	0,5
	0°		8°
θ 1	11°	17°	19°
θ 2	11°	13°	15°
θ 3	15°	17°	19°
θ.4	11°	13°	15°
EP1	2.40	_	_
EP2	3.30		