Photocouplers GaAlAs Infrared LED & Photo IC

D & Photo IC

TLP2398

TLP2398

1. Applications

- Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs)
- High-Speed Digital Interfacing for Instrumentation and Control Devices
- Simplex/Multiplex Data Transmission

2. General

The Toshiba TLP2398 consists of two GaAlAs light-emitting diode coupled with a high-gain, high-speed photo detector. It is housed in the SO6 package. Since it is making two LED reverse parallel, it can be dealt with both sinking and sourcing input signals. The detector has a totem-pole output stage with current sourcing and sinking capabilities. The TLP2398 has an internal Faraday shield that provides a guaranteed common-mode transient immunity of $\pm 20 \text{ kV/}\mu$ s. The TLP2398 has a logic inverter output. A buffer output version, the TLP2395, is also available.

3. Features

- (1) Inverter logic type (totem pole output)
- (2) Package: SO6
- (3) Supply voltage: 3 to 20 V
- (4) Threshold input current, high to low: $I_{FHL} = \pm 2.3 \text{ mA} \text{ (max)}$
- (5) Propagation delay time: 250 ns (max)
- (6) Pulse width distortion: 80 ns (max)
- (7) Common-mode transient immunity: $\pm 20 \text{ kV/}\mu \text{s}$ (min)
- (8) Operating temperature: -40 to 125 °C
- (9) Isolation voltage: 3750 Vrms (min)
- (10) Safety standards

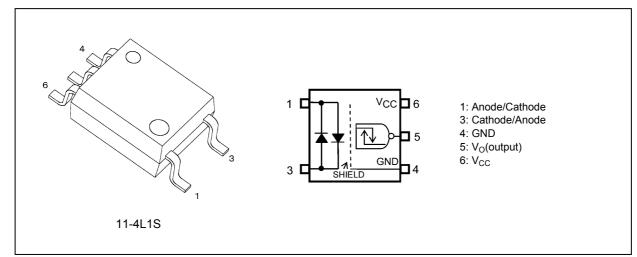
UL-approved: UL1577, File No.E67349 cUL-approved: CSA Component Acceptance Service No.5A File No.E67349 VDE-approved: EN60747-5-5, EN60065 or EN60950-1 **(Note 1)** CQC-approved: GB4943.1, GB8898 Thailand Factory



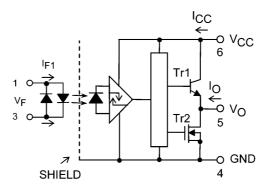
仅适用干海拔 2000m 以下地区安全使用

Note 1: When a VDE approved type is needed, please designate the Option (V4).

4. Packaging and Pin Assignment



5. Internal Circuit (Note)



Note: A $0.1-\mu F$ bypass capacitor must be connected between pin 6 and pin 4.

6. Principle of Operation

6.1. Truth Table

Input	LED	Output
Н	ON	L
L	OFF	Н

6.2. Mechanical Parameters

Characteristics	Min	Unit
Creepage distances	5.0	mm
Clearance	5.0	
Internal isolation thickness	0.4	

7. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = 25 °C)

	Characteristics		Symbol	Note	Rating	Unit
LED	Input forward current		١ _F		±20	mA
	Input forward current derating	$(T_a \ge 110 \ ^\circ C)$	$\Delta I_F / \Delta T_a$		-0.33	mA/°C
	Peak transient input forward current		I _{FPT}	(Note 1)	±1	A
	Peak transient input forward current derating	$(T_a \ge 110 \ ^\circ C)$	ΔΙ _{FPT} /ΔΤ _a		-25	mA/°C
	Input power dissipation		PD		40	mW
	Input power dissipation derating	$(T_a \ge 110 \ ^\circ C)$	$\Delta P_D / \Delta T_a$		-1.0	mW/°C
Detector	Output current	$(T_a \le 25 \ ^\circ C)$	Ι _Ο		25/-15	mA
	Output current	(T _a = 125 °C)	Ι _Ο		5/-5	
	Output voltage		Vo		-0.5 to 20	V
	Supply voltage		V _{CC}		-0.5 to 20	
	Output power dissipation		Po		100	mW
	Output power dissipation derating	$(T_a \ge 110 \ ^\circ C)$	$\Delta P_0 / \Delta T_a$		-2.5	mW/°C
Common	Operating temperature		T _{opr}		-40 to 125	°C
	Storage temperature		T _{stg}		-55 to 125	
	Lead soldering temperature	(10 s)	T _{sol}		260	
	Isolation voltage	AC, 60 s, R.H. ≤ 60 %	BVS	(Note 2)	3750	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4, 5 and 6 are shorted together.

8. Recommended Operating Conditions (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Input on-state current	I _{F(ON)} pin1→3	(Note 1)	3	—	10	mA
	I _{F(ON)} pin3→1	(Note 1)	-10	_	-3	
Input off-state voltage	V _{F(OFF)} pin1→3		0	_	0.8	V
	V _{F(OFF)} pin3→1		-0.8	_	0	
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	(Note 2)	3	_	20	1
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	(Note 2)	-40		125	°C

Note: The recommended operating conditions are given as a design guide necessary to obtain the intended performance of the device. Each parameter is an independent value. When creating a system design using this device, the electrical characteristics specified in this datasheet should also be considered.

Note: A ceramic capacitor (0.1 µF) should be connected between pin 6 and pin 4 to stabilize the operation of a highgain linear amplifier. Otherwise, this photocoupler may not switch properly. The bypass capacitor should be placed within 1 cm of each pin.

Note 1: The rise and fall times of the input on-current should be less than 0.5 $\mu s.$

Note 2: Denotes the operating range, not the recommended operating condition.

Note 1: Pulse width (PW) \leq 1 μ s, 300 pps

9. Electrical Characteristics (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T_a = -40 to 125 °C, V_{CC} = 3 to 20 V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Мах	Unit
Input forward voltage	V _F		_	I _F = 3 mA, T _a = 25 °C	1.33	1.50	1.63	V
Input forward voltage temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_a$			I _F = 3 mA		-2.0	—	mV/°C
Input capacitance	Ct			V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		90	—	pF
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL}		Fig. 12.1.1	I _O = 3.5 mA, I _F = 5 mA		0.11	0.6	V
High-level output voltage	V _{OH}	(Note 1)	Fig. 12.1.2	V_{CC} = 3 V, I _O = -2.6 mA, V _F = 0.8 V	1.78	2.1	_	
				V_{CC} = 20 V, I _O = -2.6 mA, V _F = 0.8 V	17.4	19.1	—	
Low-level supply current	I _{CCL}		Fig.	V _{CC} = 3.6 V, I _F = 5 mA		1.4	3.0	mA
			12.1.3	V _{CC} = 20 V, I _F = 5 mA		1.5	3.0	
High-level supply current	I _{CCH}		Fig.	V _{CC} = 3.6 V, V _F = 0 V		1.9	3.0	
			12.1.4	V _{CC} = 20 V, V _F = 0 V		2.0	3.0	
Low-level short-circuit output	I _{OSL}	(Note 2)	Fig.	$V_{CC} = V_{O} = 3.6 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{F} = 5 \text{ mA}$	15	100	—	
current			12.1.5	$V_{CC} = V_{O} = 20 \text{ V}, I_{F} = 5 \text{ mA}$	20	130	—	
High-level short-circuit output current	I _{OSH}	(Note 2)	Fig. 12.1.6	V_{CC} = 3.6 V, V_F = 0 V, V_O = GND		-14	-5	
				V _{CC} = 20 V, V _F = 0 V, V _O = GND	_	-24	-10	
Threshold input current (H/L)	I _{FHL}			I _O = 3.5 mA, V _O < 0.4 V		0.7	2.3	
Threshold input voltage (L/H)	V _{FLH}			I _O = -2.6 mA, V _O > 2.4 V	0.8		_	V
Input current hysteresis	I _{HYS}		_	V _{CC} = 5 V		0.05	—	mA

Note: All typical values are at $T_a = 25$ °C.

Note 1: $V_{OH} = V_{CC} - V_O(V)$

Note 2: Duration of output short circuit time should not exceed 10 ms.

10. Isolation Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = 25$ °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Total capacitance (input to output)	C _S	(Note 1)	V _S = 0 V, f = 1 MHz	—	0.8	—	pF
Isolation resistance	R _S	(Note 1)	V_S = 500 V, R.H. \leq 60 %	1 × 10 ¹²	10 ¹⁴	_	Ω
Isolation voltage	BVS	(Note 1)	AC, 60 s	3750	_	_	Vrms
			AC, 1 s in oil	_	10000	_	
			DC, 60 s in oil	_	10000	_	Vdc

Note 1: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4, 5 and 6 are shorted together.

11. Switching Characteristics (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = -40$ to 125 °C, $V_{CC} = 3$ to 20 V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Note	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time (L/H)	t _{pLH}		U ,	I_F = 3 \rightarrow 0 mA	_	95	250	ns
Propagation delay time (H/L)	t _{pHL}		Fig. 12.1.8	$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 3 \text{ mA}$	_	105	250	
Pulse width distortion	t _{pHL} -t _{pLH}			I _F = 3 mA	_	10	80	
Propagation delay skew (device to device)	t _{psk}				-130		130	
Rise time	t _r			I_F = 3 \rightarrow 0 mA, V _{CC} = 5 V		15	75	
Fall time	t _f			I_F = 0 \rightarrow 3 mA, V _{CC} = 5 V	-	12	75	
Common-mode transient immunity at output high	CM _H		Fig. 12.1.9	$V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p}, I_F = 0 mA, V_{CC} = 20 V, T_a = 25 °C$	±20	±25	_	kV/μs
Common-mode transient immunity at output low	CML			V_{CM} = 1000 V_{p-p} , I _F = 5 mA, V_{CC} = 20 V, T _a = 25 °C	±20	±25		

Note: All typical values are at $T_a = 25$ °C.

12. Test Circuits and Characteristics Curves

12.1. Test Circuits

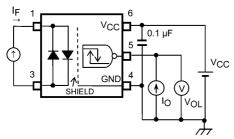


Fig. 12.1.1 V_{OL} Test Circuit

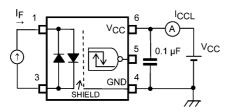


Fig. 12.1.3 I_{CCL} Test Circuit

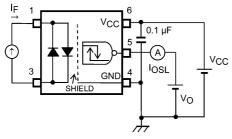


Fig. 12.1.5 I_{OSL} Test Circuit

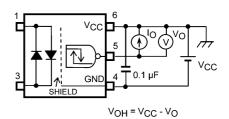


Fig. 12.1.2 V_{OH} Test Circuit

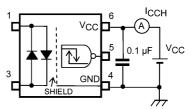


Fig. 12.1.4 I_{CCH} Test Circuit

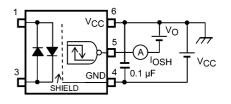
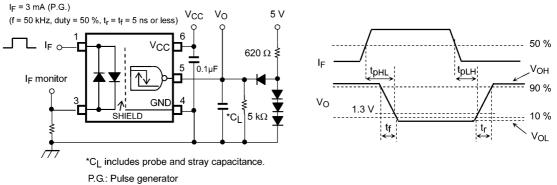
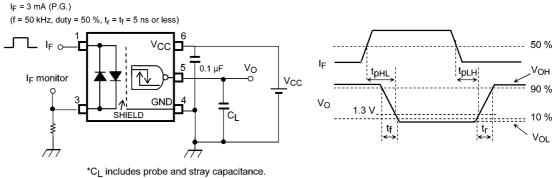


Fig. 12.1.6 I_{OSH} Test Circuit







P.G.: Pulse generator



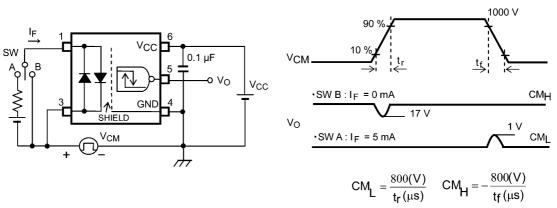
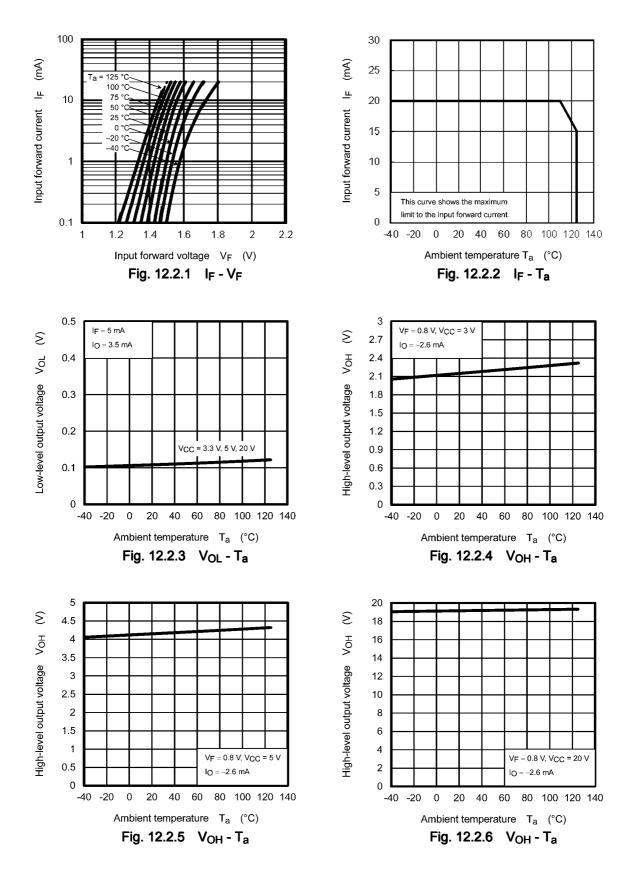
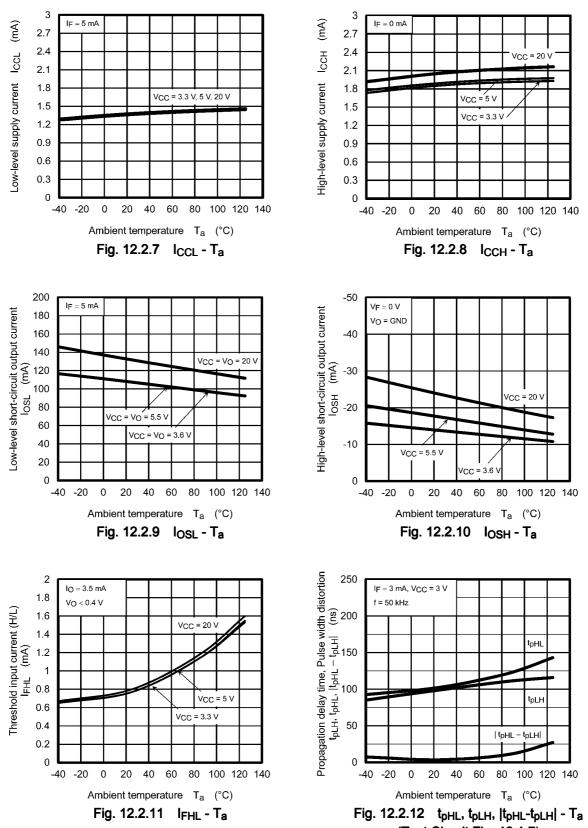
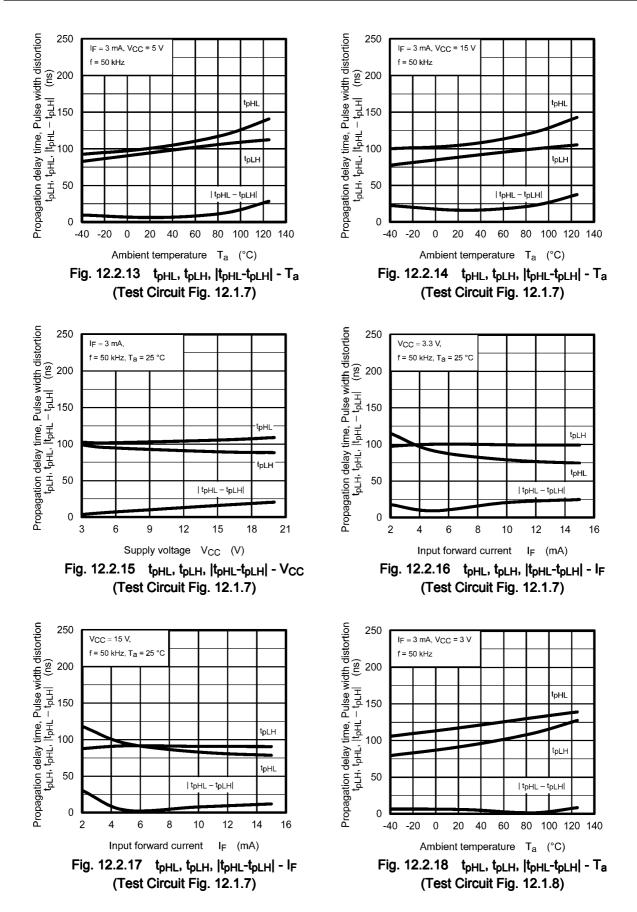


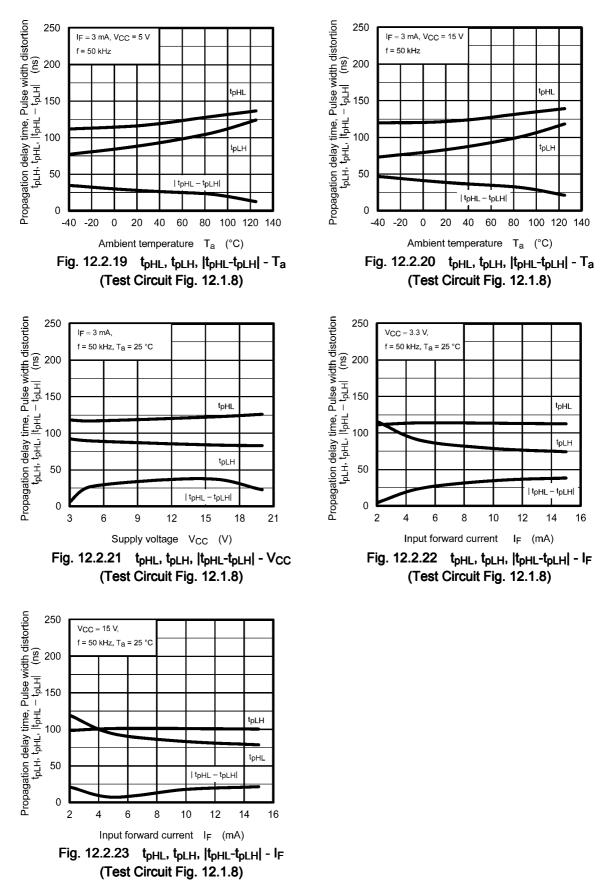
Fig. 12.1.9 Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit and Waveform

12.2. Characteristics Curves (Note)









Note: The above characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.

13. Soldering and Storage

13.1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

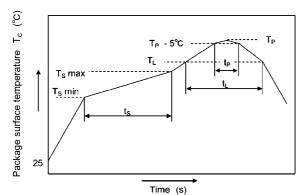
• When using soldering reflow.

The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature.

(See the figure shown below, which is based on the package surface temperature.)

Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.

The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.



	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Preheat temperature	Ts	150	200	°C
Preheat time	t _s	60	120	s
Ramp-up rate (T_L to T_P)			3	°C/s
Liquidus temperature	TL	217		°C
Time above T _L	tL	60	150	s
Peak temperature	Τ _Ρ		260	°C
Time during which T_c is between (T _P – 5) and T _P	t _P		30	s
Ramp-down rate $(T_P \text{ to } T_L)$			6	°C/s

Fig. 13.1.1 An Example of a Temperature Profile When Lead(Pb)-Free Solder Is Used

- When using soldering flow
 Preheat the device at a temperature of 150 °C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds.
 Mounting condition of 260 °C within 10 seconds is recommended.
 Flow soldering must be performed once.
- When using soldering Iron

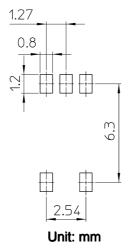
Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$

Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

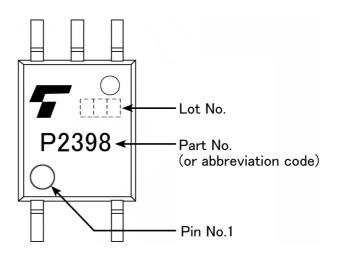
13.2. Precautions for General Storage

- Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 35 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 45 % to 75 %, respectively.
- Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- \cdot $\,$ When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.

14. Land Pattern Dimensions (for reference only)



15. Marking



16. EN60747-5-5 Option (V4) Specification

- Part number: TLP2398 (Note 1)
 - The following part naming conventions are used for the devices that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN60747.

Example: TLP2398(V4-TPL,E(O

V4: EN60747 option

TPL: Tape type

O: Domestic ID(country/Region of origin:Japan)

E: [[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE (Note 2)

Note 1: Use TOSHIBA standard type number for safety standard application. e.g., TLP2398(V4-TPL,E(O \rightarrow TLP2398

Note 2: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

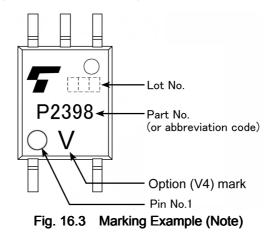
RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.

	Description	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Application classification				
for rated mains voltage \leq for rated mains voltage \leq		I-I∨ I-III	_	
Climatic classification			40 / 125 / 21	_
Pollution degree			2	_
Maximum operating insulation	VIORM	707	Vpeak	
Input to output test voltage, N V _{pr} = $1.6 \times V_{IORM}$, type a t _p = 10 s, partial discharg	and sample test	V _{pr}	1131	Vpeak
Input to output test voltage, N V _{pr} = $1.875 \times V_{IORM}$, 10 t _p = 1 s, partial discharge	0 % production test	V _{pr}	1325	Vpeak
Highest permissible overvolta (transient overvoltage, t _p	VTR	6000	Vpeak	
Safety limiting values (max. p also current (input current I _F , power (output or total por temperature	l _{si} P _{so} T _s	250 400 150	mA mW °C	
Insulation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_a = 25 \text{ °C}$ $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_a = 100 \text{ °C}$ $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}, \text{ T}_a = \text{T}_s$	R _{si}	≥ 10 ¹² ≥ 10 ¹¹ ≥ 10 ⁹	Ω

Fig. 16.1 EN60747 Isolation Characteristics

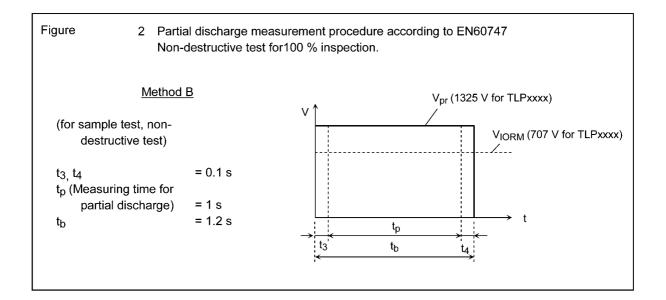
Minimum creepage distance	Cr	5.0 mm
Minimum clearance	CI	5.0 mm
Minimum insulation thickness	ti	0.4 mm
Comparative tracking index	CTI	175

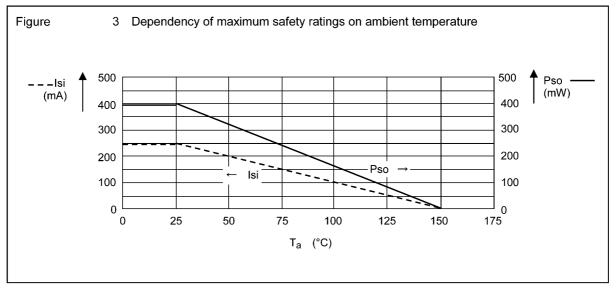
- Note: If a printed circuit is incorporated, the creepage distance and clearance may be reduced below this value. (e. g., at a standard distance between soldering eye centers of 6.3 mm). If this is not permissible, the user shall take suitable measures.
- Note: This photocoupler is suitable for **safe electrical isolation** only within the safety limit data. Maintenance of the safety data shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.



Note: The above marking is applied to the photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (V4) of EN60747.

	-	asurement procedure according to EN60747 ualification and sampling tests.
<u>Met</u> (for type and sampli	nod A ng tests,	$V \uparrow $ $V_{INITIAL}(6 kV)$
destructive tests	-	V _{pr} (1131 V for TLPxxxx)
t ₁ , t ₂	= 1 to 10 s	V _{IORM} (707 V for TLPxxxx)
t3, t4	= 1 s	
t _p (Measuring time f	or	
partial discharg	e) = 10 s	$0 \xrightarrow{l} t \xrightarrow{l} t \xrightarrow{l} t$
t _b	= 12 s	t_3 t_p t_4
t _{ini}	= 60 s	t_1 t_{ini} t_2 t_b

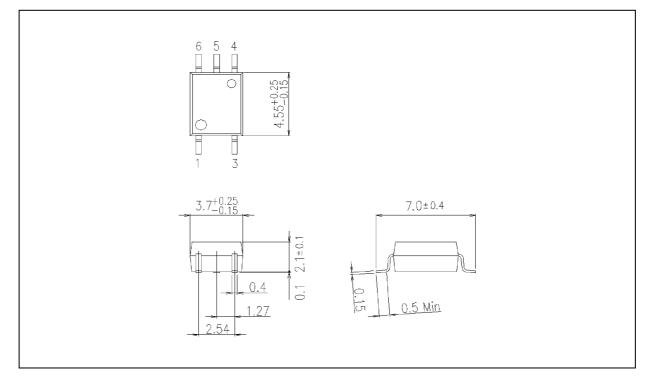






Package Dimensions

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.08 g (typ.)

Package Name(s)

TOSHIBA: 11-4L1S

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