TO Messrs. ALMAR ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.

ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SPECIFICATION SHEET

CUSTOMER PART No.		
Rubycon PART No.	YXA SERIES (PET sleeve type)	
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1.Scope.
This specification covers polarized aluminum electrolytic capacitors with non-solid electrolyte for use in electronic equipments .

2. Reference Standard
JIS C 5141 (1991) and JIS C 5102 (1994) methods for testing.

3. Operating Temperature Range
-55°C to +105°C (6.3 to 100 V.DC.), -40°C to +105°C (160 to 250 V.DC.), -25°C to +105°C (350 to 450 V.DC.)

4. Performance Refer to Table-1

5. Style and Numbering System
(1) Style CE 04 (Radial Leaded)

(2) Numbering System

Rated Voltage	Series	Nominal Capacitance	Tolerance	Option code	Lead Forming	Case size
□□□	YXA	□□□	M	EFC	□□	□□□ X □□□

6. Marking
Unless otherwise specified, capacitor shall be clearly marked the following items on its body.
Sleeve color: Black
Lettering color: White

(1) Trade mark	Rubycon
(2) Rated Voltage	V
(3) Nominal Capacitance	μF
(4) Polarity	(Negative Polarity)
(5) Series	YXA
(6) Lot Number	
(7) Maximum Operating Temperature	105°C
(8) PET sleeve mark	PET

7. Vent
On capacitors whose diameter is 6.3mm and greater, a safety vent shall be provided.

8. Notes on use of aluminum electrolytic capacitors
(1) Charge and discharge
Do not use for the circuit that repeats quick charge or discharge.

(2) External stress
Do not apply excessive force of pushing, pulling bending, and/or twisting to the main body, lead wire and terminals.

(3) Heat resistance at soldering process
In the soldering process of PC board with Capacitors mounted, secondary shrinkage or crack of sleeve may be observed when soldering temperature is too high and /or soldering time is too long.
If lead wire of other components or pattern of double sided PC board touches the capacitor, the similar failure may be also originated at pre-heating, heating at hardening process of adhesive and soldering process.

(4) Insulation and PC board mounting
Sleeve is for marking purpose only.
It is not recognized as insulation materials.
When double sided PC board is employed, note that it could cause a short circuit if lead wire of other components or pattern of double sided PC board touches capacitor. Please avoid circuit pattern runs underneath capacitor.
In addition, case and cathode terminal are not insulated.

(5) Adhesives and coating materials
Do not use the adhesives and coating materials that contain halogenated organic solvents or chloroprene as polymer.

(6) Storage
Keep at a normal temperature and humidity. During a long storage time, leakage current will be increased. To prevent heat rise or any trouble that high leakage current possibly causes, voltage treatment is recommended for the capacitors that have been stored for a long time.

.<Storage Condition>
*Aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in high temperatures or where there is a high level of humidity. The suitable storage condition is 5°C-35°C and less than 75% in relative humidity.
*Aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored in damp conditions such as water, saltwater spray or oil spray.
*Do not store aluminum electrolytic capacitors in an environment full of hazardous gas (hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid gas, nitrous acid, chlorine gas, ammonia or bromine gas).
*Aluminum electrolytic capacitors should not be stored under exposure to ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation.

(7) Fumigation and halogenated flame retardant
It may cause corrosion of internal electrodes, aluminum cases and terminal surface when the following conditions exist.
*Fumigation of wooden pallets before shipment to disinfect vermin.
*Existence of components or parts that contain halogenated flame retardant agent (bromine etc.) together with capacitors.
*When halogenated detergents or antiseptics for preventing infection of epidemic diseases contact directly to capacitors.

(8) PC board cleaning after soldering
Please consult us when cleaning is subjected.

♦Guide to application except the above are described in our catalog and EIAJ RCR-2367C
EIAJ RCR-2367C: “Safety Application Guide for fixed aluminum electrolytic capacitors for use in electronic equipment."
Published by Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association.

♦Table-1 PERFORMANCE

<table>
<tr><th colspan="2">ITEMS</th><th>PERFORMANCE</th></tr>
<tr><td>1</td><td>Rated Voltage(WV)
Surge Voltage (SV)</td><td>
<table>
<tr><td>WV(V.DC)</td><td>6.3</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>25</td><td>35</td><td>50</td><td>63</td><td>100</td><td>160</td><td>200</td></tr>
<tr><td>SV(V.DC)</td><td>8</td><td>13</td><td>20</td><td>32</td><td>44</td><td>63</td><td>79</td><td>125</td><td>200</td><td>250</td></tr>
</table>
<table>
<tr><td>WV(V.DC)</td><td>250</td><td>350</td><td>400</td><td>450</td></tr>
<tr><td>SV(V.DC)</td><td>300</td><td>400</td><td>450</td><td>500</td></tr>
</table>
</td></tr>
<tr><td>2</td><td>Nominal Capacitance
(Tolerance)</td><td><Criteria>
0.1 to 22000μF(±20%)

<Condition>

Measuring Frequency : 120Hz±20%
Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms + 1.5 to 2.0V.DC
Measuring Temperature : 20 ± 2 °C</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>Leakage Current</td><td><Condition>
The rated voltage shall be applied between terminals of capacitor such that the terminal voltage will reach the rated voltage within one minute and the leakage current shall be measured at following time after the voltage has reached the rated voltage across a 1000 ±10 Ω series protection resister. Then the current value shall not exceed value calculated from following formula.

<Criteria>
• 6.3 to 100V. DC (after 2minutes)
I=0.01CV or 3μA whichever is greater

• 160 to 450V. DC
(after 1 minute) (after 5minutes)
I=0.1CV +40μA (CV≤1000) I=0.03CV +15μA (CV≤1000)
I=0.04CV +100μA (CV>1000) I=0.02CV +25μA (CV>1000)

where I : Leakage current in μA.
C : Nominal capacitance in μF.
V : Rated voltage in V.DC.</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>Dissipation Factor
(tanδ:Tangent of
loss angle)</td><td><Criteria>
<table>
<tr><td>WV(V.DC)</td><td>6.3</td><td>10</td><td>16</td><td>25</td><td>35</td><td>50</td><td>63</td><td>100</td></tr>
<tr><td>tanδ</td><td>0.26</td><td>0.22</td><td>0.18</td><td>0.16</td><td>0.14</td><td>0.12</td><td>0.10</td><td>0.08</td></tr>
</table>
<table>
<tr><td>WV(V.DC)</td><td>160</td><td>200</td><td>250</td><td>350</td><td>400</td><td>450</td></tr>
<tr><td>tanδ</td><td>0.20</td><td>0.20</td><td>0.20</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.24</td><td>0.24</td></tr>
</table>
When nominal capacitance is over 1000μF, tanδ shall be added 0.02 to the listed value with increase of every 1000μF.

<Condition>
See ITEM 2, Nominal Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature.</td></tr>
</table>

5 Terminal Strength

<Condition>
Tensile Strength of Terminals
The body of capacitor shall be fixed and the tensile force of following table shall be applied to the terminal in lead out direction of the terminal for 10±1 seconds.

Bending Strength of Terminals
The body of capacitor shall be held in such a way that the regular lead-out axis of lead wire terminal becomes vertical. The weight of following table shall be suspended from the end of terminal. In this condition, after the body of sample is bent through 90 degrees, it shall be returned to the original position. Next the body shall be reversibly bent through 90 degrees and again returned to the original position.

Diameter of lead wire	Tensile force N{kgf}	Bending force N{kgf}
0.5mm and less	5{0.51}	2.5{0.25}
Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm incl	10{1.0}	5 {0.51}

<Criteria>
Notable changes shall not be found, as breakage or looseness in the terminal.

6 Temperature Coefficient and Drift

<Condition>

STEP	Testing Temperature (°C)	Time
1	20±2	Time to reach thermal equilibrium
2	-40±3	//
3	-25±3	//
4	20±2	//
5	105±2	2 hrs.
6	20±2	Time to reach thermal equilibrium

Capacitance, D.F. and Impedance shall be measured at 120Hz.
Rated voltage 160 to 450 WV : Except Step 2.

<Criteria>

STEP 2,3	Impedance Ratio	The value of ratio to STEP 1 not more than value of following table
STEP 5	Capacitance Change	6.3 to 100WV : Within ±25% of the value of STEP 1 160 to 450WV : Within ±20% of the value of STEP 1
	Dissipation Factor	Not more than the specified value
	Leakage Current	Not more than 8 times the specified value
STEP 6	Capacitance Change	Within ±10% of the value of STEP 1
	Dissipation Factor	Not more than the specified value
	Leakage Current	Not more than the specified value

WV(V.DC)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	100	160
Z(-25°C)/Z(+20°C)	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Z(-40°C)/Z(+20°C)	8	6	4	4	3	3	3	3	—

WV(V.DC)	200	250	350	400	450
Z(-25°C)/Z(+20°C)	3	3	6	6	6
Z(-40°C)/Z(+20°C)	—	—	—	—	—

7 Load Life Test

<Condition>

Capacitors shall be applied the rated voltage continuously through 1000 Ω series protective resistor (with maximum ripple current) at 105±2°C for following test period. After the test and returned in standard condition for 1 to 2 hours, and the capacitor shall meet following requirements.

Case dia	Life Time
φD≤8	1000^{+48}_{0}
φD=10	2000^{+72}_{0}
φD≥12.5	3000^{+72}_{0}

<Criteria>

Leakage Current	Not more than the specified value
Capacitance Change	Within ±25% of the initial value
Dissipation Factor	Not more than 200% of the specified value
Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found

8 Shelf Life Test

<Condition>

Capacitors shall be stored at 105±2°C with no voltage applied for 1000^{+48}_{0} hours. After the test and returned in standard condition for 1 to 2 hours and the capacitor shall meet following requirements. (If any doubt arises on the judgement, the capacitors shall be subjected to voltage treatment specified in JIS C 5141,5.2.)

<Criteria>

Leakage Current	Not more than the specified value
Capacitance Change	Within ±25% of the initial value
Dissipation Factor	Not more than 200% of the specified value
Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found

9 Surge Voltage

<Condition>

Capacitors shall be applied the surge voltage through a (100±50)/C_R [kΩ] resistor in series for 30±5 seconds in every 6±0.5 minutes at 15 to 35°C. Procedure shall be repeated 1000 times. Then the capacitors shall be left under normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours before measurement.
[C_R : Nominal Capacitance (μF)]

<Criteria>

Leakage Current	Not more than the specified value
Capacitance Change	Within ±15% of the initial value
Dissipation Factor	Not more than the specified value
Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found

◊This test simulates overvoltage at abnormal situations, and not be hypothesizing that overvoltage is always applied.

10 Vibration Test

<Condition>

Testing shall be done out in 3 AXIS for 2 hours each (total 6 hours) as below.
Fix lead wire at a point not more than 4mm from the body , use mounting device separately for the one with a diameter 12.5mm and greater or with a length 25mm and longer.

Vibration frequency range : 10 to 55Hz
Peak to peak amplitude : 1.5mm
Sweep rate : 10 to 55 to 10Hz, In about 1min.

<Criteria>

Capacitance (During test)	Measured value shall be stable. (The time from one end to the other of the vibration frequency within last 30 minutes at last direction.)
Capacitance Change	Within ±5% of the initial value
Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found

11 Solderability

<Condition>
Terminals of the capacitor shall be immersed in flux (ethanol solution of the rosin, 25 wt% rosin) for 5 to 10 seconds and shall be immersed in the solder bath (235±5°C) and held for 2±0.5 seconds, and pulled out at the same speed.

<Criteria>
At least 3/4 of circumferential surface of dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new solder.

12 Resistance to Solder Heat

<Condition>
Terminals of the capacitor shall be immersed into solder bath at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from the body of capacitor.
Then the capacitors shall be left under the normal temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours before measurement.

<Criteria>

Leakage Current	Not more than the specified value
Capacitance Change	Within ±10% of the initial value
Dissipation Factor	Not more than the specified value
Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found

13 Resistance to Damp Heat (Steady State)

<Condition>
Capacitor shall be stored in the ambient of 40±2°C and relative humidity 90 to 95% for 240±8 hours.
Then the capacitors shall be left under the normal temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours before measurement.

<Criteria>

Leakage Current	Not more than the specified value
Capacitance Change	6.3 to 100WV : Within ±15% of the initial value 160 to 450WV : Within ±10% of the initial value
Dissipation Factor	Not more than the specified value
Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found

14 Maximum Permissible Ripple Current

(1)The maximum permissible ripple current is the maximum A.C. current at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operating temperature.
(2)The combined value of D.C. voltage and the peak A.C. voltage shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall not be reverse voltage.

<Frequency Coefficient>

Frequency(Hz) / Capacitance(μF)	60(50)	120	500	1k	10k≤
0.1 to 1	0.50	1.0	1.20	1.30	1.50
2.2 to 4.7	0.65	1.0	1.20	1.30	1.50
10 to 47	0.80	1.0	1.20	1.30	1.50
100 to 1000	0.80	1.0	1.10	1.15	1.20
2200 to 22000	0.80	1.0	1.05	1.10	1.15

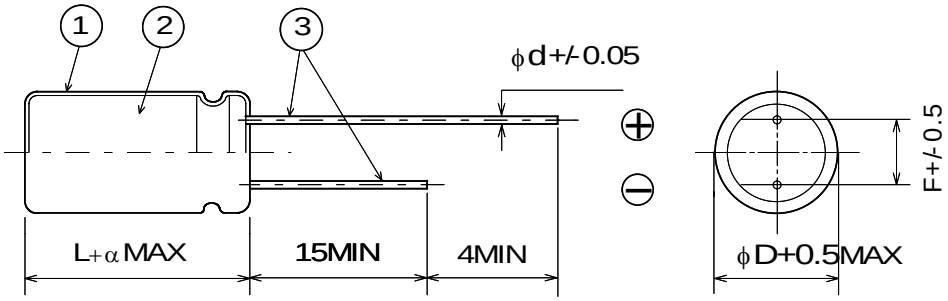
< Temperature Coefficient >

Ambient Temperature(°C)	105	85	65≥
Coefficient	1.0	1.7	2.1

◊Temperature coefficient shows a limit of ripple current exceeding the rated ripple current that can be passed through a capacitor at each temperature when the life expectancy of a capacitor becomes to be nearly equal with the lifetime at the rated maximum operating temperature.

◊Use of aluminum electrolytic capacitor under ripple voltage with wide amplitude is equivalent to quick charge-discharge operation.
When ripple voltage with the amplitude over 70Vp-p is expected for the products with rated voltage over 100V, please contact us.

9. Diagram of dimensions. :unit mm



♦Table-2

φD		5	6.3	8	10	12.5	16	18
F		2.0	2.5	3.5	5.0	5.0	7.5	7.5
φd		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
α	6.3 to 100WV	1.5					2.0	
	160 to 450WV	—	2.0					

♦Table-3

①	Sleeve	P.E.T.
②	Case	Aluminum
③	Lead Wire	Tin plated

♦Table-4 Standard size, Maximum permissible ripple current

Size φDXL(mm), Ripple Current(mA r.m.s./105°C,120Hz)

WV / Cap (μF)	6.3		10		16		25		35	
	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple
22									5X11	64
33							5X11	69	5X11	77
47					5X11	80	5X11	84	5X11	100
100	5X11	96	5X11	105	5X11	130	6.3X11	140	6.3X11	170
220	5X11	160	6.3X11	175	6.3X11	220	8X11.5	240	10X12.5	300
330	6.3X11	210	6.3X11	235	8X11.5	270	10X12.5	335	10X12.5	400
470	6.3X11	275	8X11.5	295	8X11.5	375	10X12.5	440	10X16	525
1000	8X11.5	460	10X12.5	540	10X16	640	10X20	740	12.5X20	865
2200	10X20	775	10X20	860	12.5X20	1050	12.5X25	1230	16X25	1370
3300	10X20	985	12.5X20	1100	12.5X25	1300	16X25	1500	16X35.5	1680
4700	12.5X20	1150	12.5X25	1350	16X25	1650	16X31.5	1800	18X35.5	1920
6800	12.5X25	1480	16X25	1700	16X31.5	1900	18X35.5	2050		
10000	16X25	1700	16X35.5	1950	18X35.5	2070				
15000	16X35.5	2090	18X35.5	2180						
22000	18X40	2350								

Size φDXL(mm), Ripple Current(mA r.m.s./105°C,120Hz)

WV / Cap (μF)	50		63		100		160		200	
	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple
0.1	5X11	1								
0.15	5X11	1.5								
0.22	5X11	2.5								
0.33	5X11	4								
0.47	5X11	7			5X11	8				
1	5X11	13			5X11	15				
2.2	5X11	20			5X11	21				
3.3	5X11	25			5X11	30			6.3X11	36
4.7	5X11	32			5X11	35	6.3X11	43	8X11.5	50
10	5X11	47	5X11	48	5X11	60	8X11.5	77	10X12.5	80
22	5X11	70	5X11	80	6.3X11	98	10X16	125	10X20	135
33	5X11	94	6.3X11	100	8X11.5	140	10X20	170	12.5X20	200
47	6.3X11	115	6.3X11	140	10X12.5	185	12.5X20	210	12.5X20	220
100	8X11.5	200	10X12.5	230	10X20	290	12.5X25	320	16X25	340
220	10X12.5	360	10X16	390	12.5X25	560	16X35.5	580	18X35.5	580
330	10X16	470	10X20	540	12.5X25	690	18X35.5	700		
470	10X20	600	12.5X20	700	16X25	880				
1000	12.5X25	1060	16X25	1200	18X40	985				
2200	16X35.5	1600	18X35.5	1650						
3300	18X35.5	1780								

WV / Cap (μF)	250		350		400		450	
	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple	Size	Ripple
0.47	6.3X11	8	6.3X11	8				
1	6.3X11	16	6.3X11	16	6.3X11	16	8X11.5	15
2.2	6.3X11	30	8X11.5	31	10X12.5	31	10X12.5	25
3.3	8X11.5	43	10X12.5	45	10X12.5	41	10X16	33
4.7	8X11.5	53	10X12.5	55	10X16	55	10X20	42
10	10X16	90	10X20	95	12.5X20	85	12.5X20	67
22	12.5X20	150	12.5X25	175	12.5X25	170	16X25	115
33	12.5X20	200	16X25	220	16X25	220	16X31.5	155
47	12.5X25	240	16X31.5	260	16X31.5	275	16X35.5	185
100	16X31.5	400	18X40	415	18X40	415		