



PINGWEI ENTERPRISE

RL201 THRU RL207

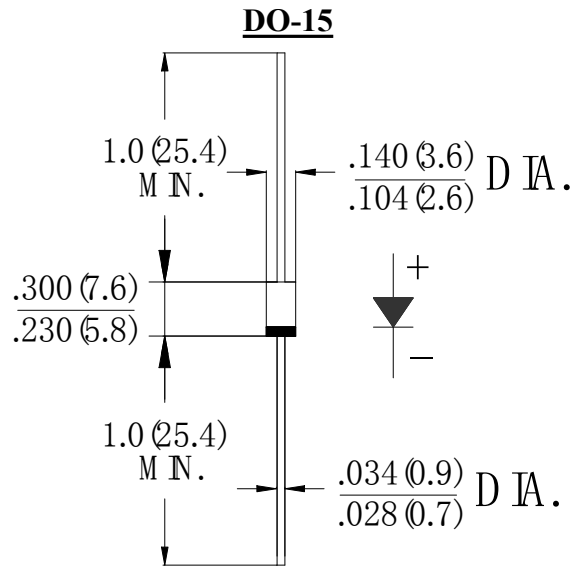
2.0AMPS . SILICON RECTIFIERS

FEATURE

- . High current capability
- . Low forward voltage drop
- . Low power loss, high efficiency
- . High surge capability
- . High temperature soldering guaranteed
260°C /10sec/ 0.375" lead length at 5 lbs tension

MECHANICAL DATA

- . Terminal: Plated axial leads solderable per MIL-STD 202E, method 208C
- . Case: Molded with UL-94 Class V-0 recognized Flame Retardant Epoxy
- . Polarity: color band denotes cathode
- . Mounting position: any



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.

For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

Type Number	SYM BOL	RL 201	RL 202	RL 203	RL 204	RL 205	RL 206	RL 207	units
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V_{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current .375"(9.5mm) lead length at $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	2.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	I_{FSM}	60.0							A
Maximum Forward Voltage at 2.0 A DC	V_F	1.0							V
Maximum DC Reverse Current @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ at rated DC blocking voltage @ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_R	5.0 100.0							μA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 1)	C_J	30							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	$R_{(JA)}$	75							$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-55 to +150							$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation Junction Temperature	T_J	-55 to +150							$^\circ\text{C}$

Note:

1. Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0Vdc
2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient at 0.375" (9.5mm) lead length, vertical P.C.Board Mounted.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (RL201 THRU RL207)

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

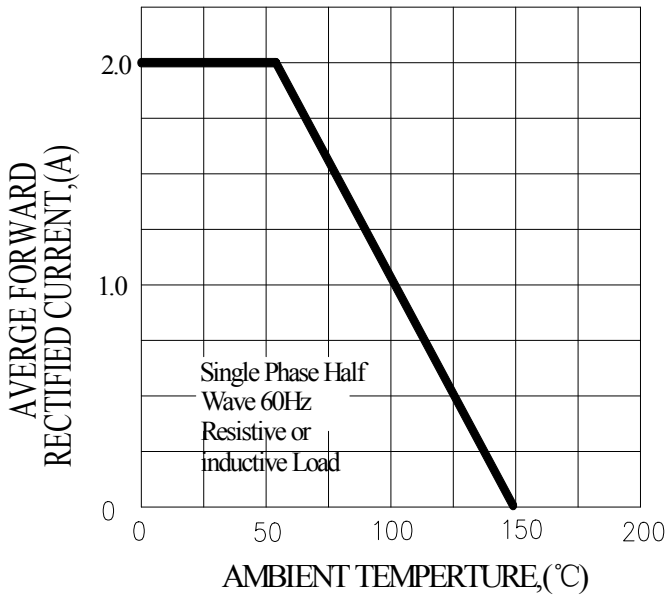


FIG.2-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

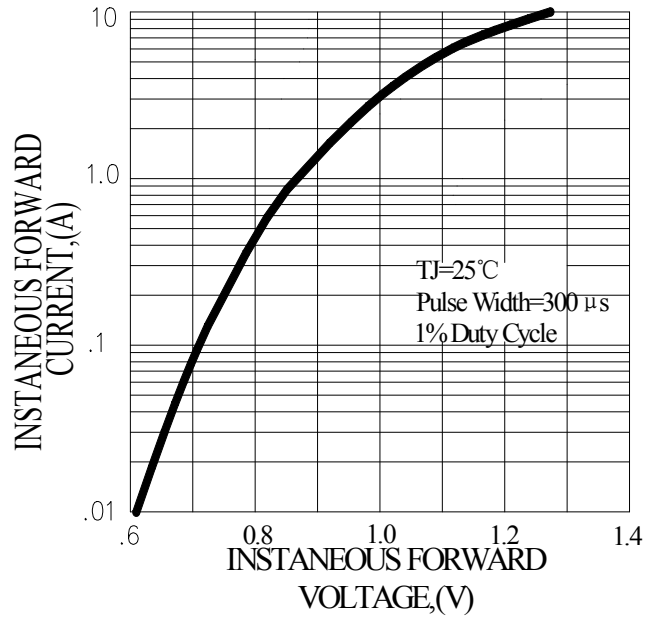


FIG.3-MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

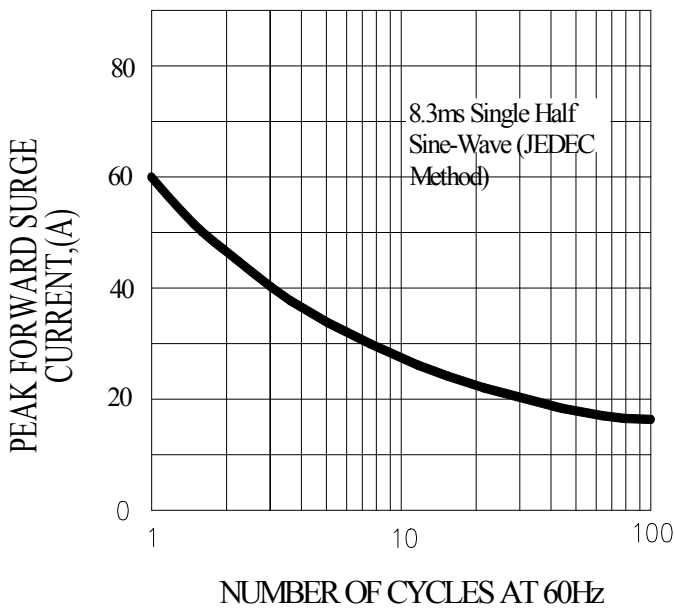


FIG.4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

