GS8632C LOW COST 6MHZ CMOS Rail-to-Rail IO Opamps

Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V
- · Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 6MHz (Typ.)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ.)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max.)
- Quiescent Current: 470µA per Amplifier (Typ.)

General Description

- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Small Package:

GS8632C Available in SOP-8 Package

The GS8632C have a high gain-bandwidth product of 6MHz, a slew rate of $4.2V/\mu s$, and a quiescent current of $470 \ \mu A$ per amplifier at 5V. The GS8632C is designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS8632C. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40 °C to +125 °C). The GS8632C dual is available in Green SOP-8 package.

Applications

- Sensors
- Active Filters
- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Laptops and PDAs

Pin Configuration

- Audio
- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters

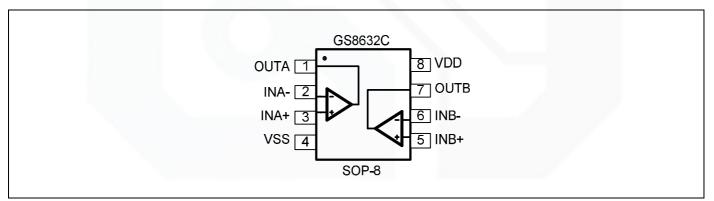


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V







GS8632C

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C				
Junction Temperature	+160°C					
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C				
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+260°C					
Package Thermal Resistance (TA=+25 °C)						
SOP-14, θ _{JA}	125°C/W					
ESD Susceptibility						
НВМ	8KV					
MM	400V					

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
GS8632C	Dual	GS8632C-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8632







Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^\circ C$, V_{CM} = V_S/2, R_L = 600 $^\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.)

		GS8632C						
		ТҮР	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	+25℃	+25°C	0℃ to 70℃	-40℃ to 85℃	-40 ℃ to 125℃	UNITS	MIN / MAX
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							•	
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)		0.8	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current (I _B)		1					pА	TYP
Input Offset Current (I _{OS})		1					pА	TYP
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (V _{CM})	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to					V	TYP
		+5.6						
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 4V	90	73	70	70	65	dB	MIN
	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 5.6V	83					dB	MIN
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (A _{OL})	$R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 0.15V$ to $4.85V$	97	90	87	86	79	dB	MIN
	R_L = 10k Ω, V_O = 0.05V to 4.95V	108					dB	MIN
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$)		2.4					μV/℃	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	$R_L = 600\Omega$	0.1					V	TYP
	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.015					V	TYP
Output Current (I _{OUT})	1000	53	49	45	40	35	mA	MIN
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 200kHz, G = 1	3					Ω	TYP
POWER-DOWN DISABLE								•
Turn-On Time		4					μs	TYP
Turn-Off Time		1.2					μs	TYP
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Voltage Range			2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	V	MIN
			5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	V	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	$V_{\rm S}$ = +2.5V to +5.5V							
	$V_{CM} = (-V_S) + 0.5V$	91	74	72	72	68	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (I _Q)	I _{OUT} = 0	470	650	727	750	815	μA	MAX







Electrical Characteristics

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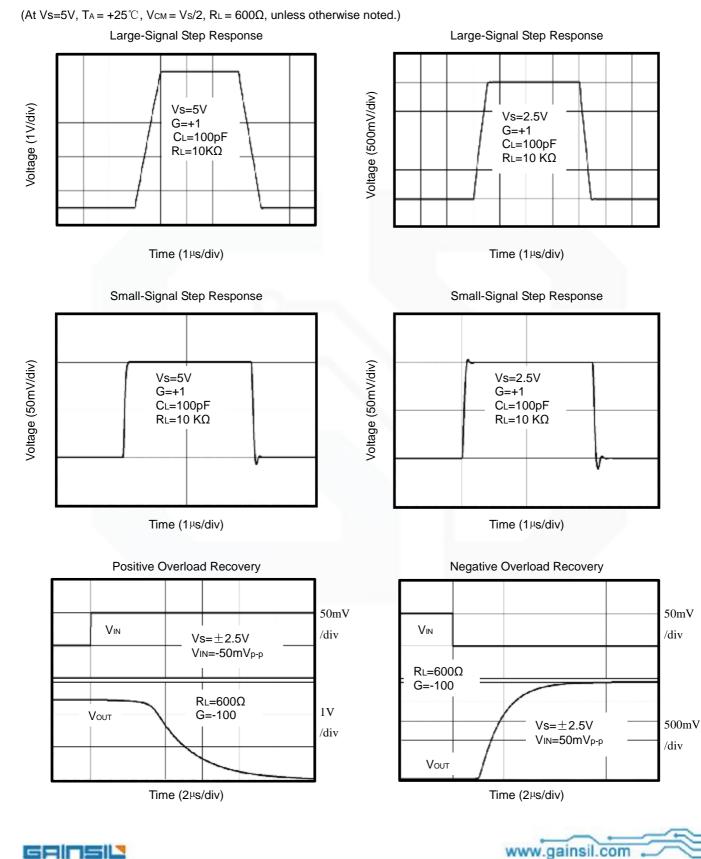
		GS8632C							
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE						
		+25℃	+25℃	0℃ to	-40℃ to	-40℃to 125℃	UNITS	MIN /	
		+25 C		70℃	85℃			MAX	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								-	
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	$R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF$	6					MHz	TYP	
Phase Margin (ϕ_0)	R_L = 10k Ω , C_L = 100pF	53					Degrees	TYP	
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	${<}1\%$ distortion, $R_L{=}600\Omega$	250					kHz	TYP	
Slew Rate (SR)	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 10k\Omega$	4.2					V/µs	TYP	
Settling Time to 0.1% (t _s)	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 600\Omega$	0.4					μs	TYP	
Overload Recovery Time	$V_{IN} \cdot Gain = VS, R_L = 600\Omega$	2.5					μs	TYP	
NOISE PERFORMANCE									
Voltage Noise Density (e _n)	f = 1kHz	13					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP	
	f = 10kHz	9.5					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP	







Typical Performance characteristics









GS8632C

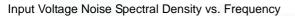
Typical Performance characteristics

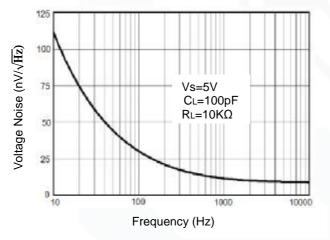
Output Voltage Swing vs.Output Current

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25°C, Vc_M = Vs/2, R_L = 600 Ω , unless otherwise noted.)

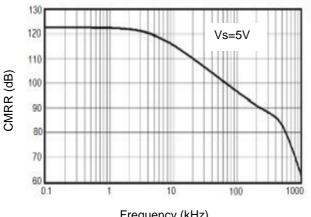
5 4 Sourcing Current Output Voltage (V) **-50**℃ **135**℃ **25°**℃ Vs=5V 2 0 Sinking Current -1 0 60 20 40 80

Output Current(mA)

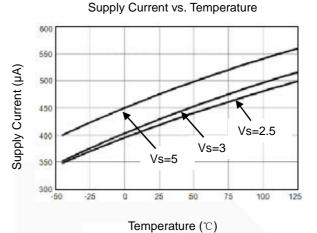


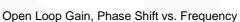


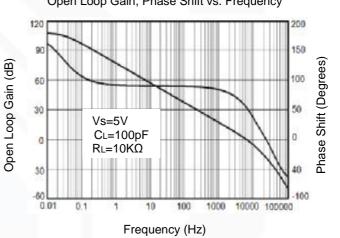


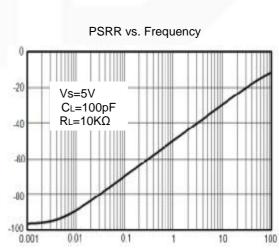












PSRR (dB)



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Application Note

Size

GS8632C opamp is unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8632C package save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8632C operate from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 1.05V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For best performance, a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 470uA per channel) of GS8632C will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

Operating Voltage

GS8632C operate under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8632C extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS8632C can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 60mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS8632C is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

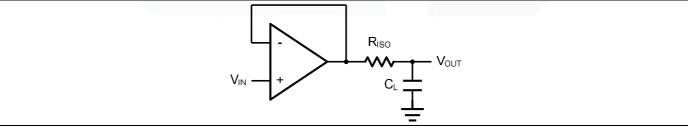


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L . C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the



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GS8632C

amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_{F} . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

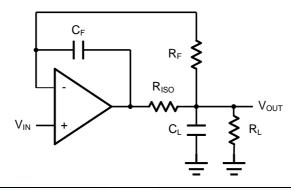


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy









Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS8632C.

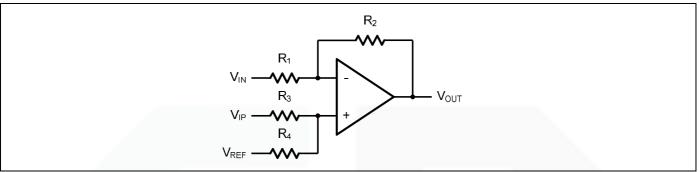


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1=R_3$ and $R_2=R_4$), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$.

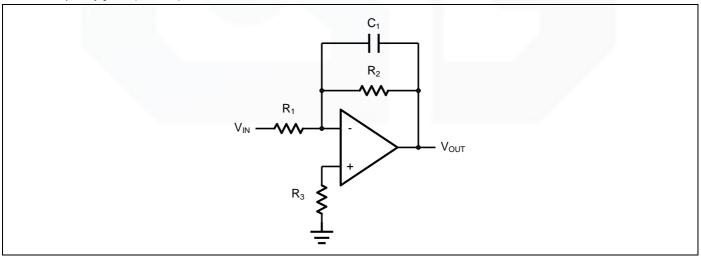


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

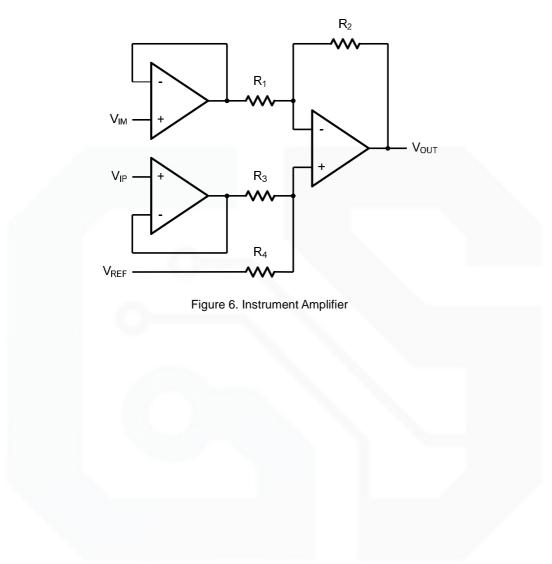






Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS8632C can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

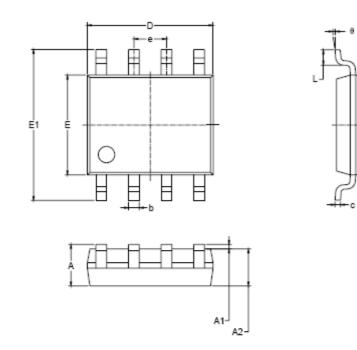






Package Information

SOP-8



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
А	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
с	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27	BSC	0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
e	0°	8°	0°	8°	



GS8632C