

# AO4407A

# P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



## **General Description**

The AO4407A uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , and ultra-low low gate charge with a 25V gate rating. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. *Standard Product AO4407A is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).* 

#### **Features**

 $V_{DS} = -30V$ 

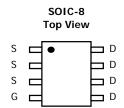
 $I_D = -12A$   $(V_{GS} = -10V)$ 

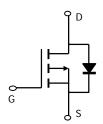
 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 11m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -20V)

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 13m\Omega (V_{GS} = -10V)$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 38m\Omega (V_{GS} = -10V)$ 

UIS TESTED! RG, CISS, COSS, CRSS TESTED!





Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Symbol 10 Sec S		Units		
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	-30		V		
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±25		V		
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		-12	-9.2			
	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	-10	-7.4	۸		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	-60		Α		
Avalanche Current <sup>G</sup>		I <sub>AR</sub>	26				
Repetitive avalanche energy L=0.3mH <sup>G</sup>		E <sub>AR</sub>	101		mJ		
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	— P <sub>D</sub>	3.1	1.7	W		
	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C		2.0	1.1	VV		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150		°C		

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{\scriptscriptstyle{ hetaJA}}$	32	40	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	Steady State	IN <sub>θ</sub> JA	60	75	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady State	$R_{\theta JL}$	17	24	°C/W		

### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS									
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = -250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-30			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -30V, V_{GS} = 0V$			-10	μА			
		$T_J = 55^{\circ}C$			-50				
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS} = 0V$ , $V_{GS} = \pm 25V$			±100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS} I_D = -250 \mu A$	-1.7	-2.3	-3	V			
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS} = -10V, V_{DS} = -5V$	-60			Α			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = -20V, I_D = -12A$		8.5	11				
		T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		11.5	15	mΩ			
	Static Dialii-Source Off-Resistance	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -12A$		10	13	1112.2			
		$V_{GS} = -5V, I_D = -10A$		27	38				
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5V, I_{D} = -10A$		21		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S = -1A, V_{GS} = 0V$		-0.7	-1	V			
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Curr			-3	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS								
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			2060	2600	pF			
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, f=1MHz		370		pF			
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			295		pF			
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz		2.4	3.6	Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS								
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge			30	39	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, $I_{D}$ =-12A		4.6		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			10		nC			
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime			11		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, $R_L$ =1.25 $\Omega$ ,		9.4		ns			
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$		24		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	]		12		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-12A, dI/dt=100A/μs		30	40	ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =-12A, dI/dt=100A/μs		22		nC			

A: The value of R  $_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in  $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T  $_A$  = 25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t  $\leq$  10s thermal resistance rating.

- B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.
- C. The R  $_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead R  $_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.
- D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using < 300  $\mu s$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in  $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T  $_A$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- F. The current rating is based on the  $t \leqslant 10 s$  thermal resistance rating.
- G. E<sub>AR</sub> and I<sub>AR</sub> ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep T<sub>i</sub>=25C.

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### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

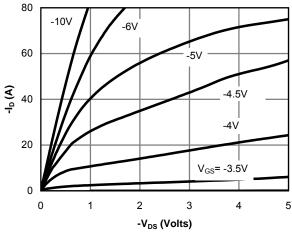
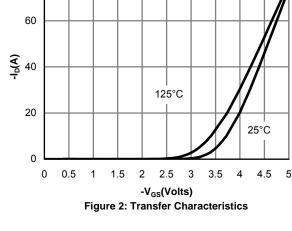


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics



 $V_{DS}$ = -5V

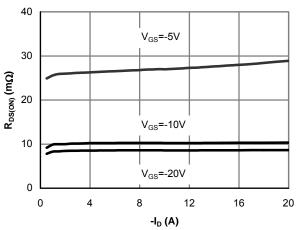


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

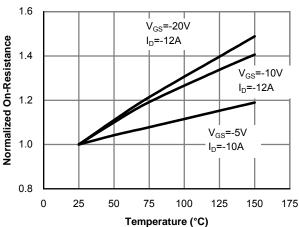


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

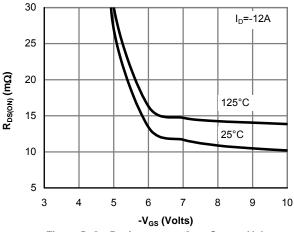


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

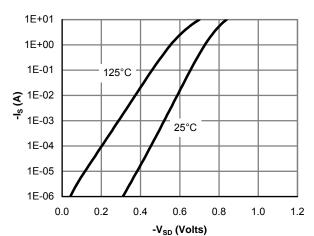
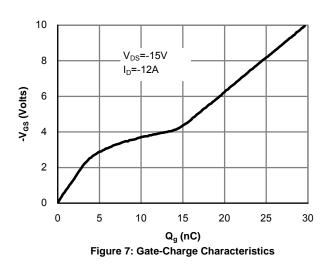


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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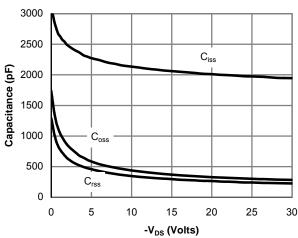


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

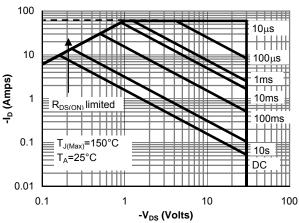


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

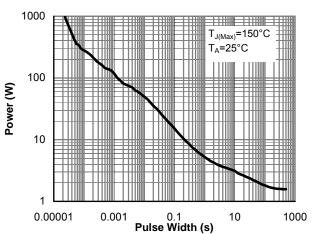


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junctionto-Ambient (Note E)

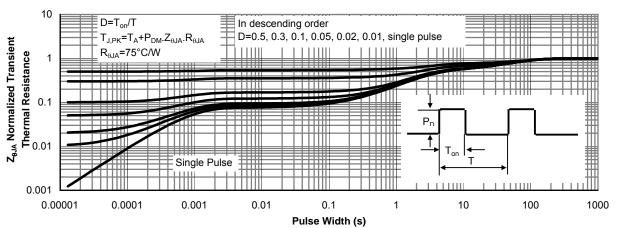


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance(Note E)

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