



FAMILY OF MICROPOWER RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT AND OUTPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

FEATURES

- BiMOS Rail-to-Rail Input/Output
- Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA
- High Wide Bandwidth . . . 160 kHz
- High Slew Rate . . . 0.1 V/μs
- Supply Current . . . 7 µA (per channel)
- Input Noise Voltage . . . 90 nV/\Hz
- Supply Voltage Range . . . 2.7 V to 16 V
- Specified Temperature Range

 40°C to 125°C . . . Industrial Grade
- Ultra-Small Packaging
 5 Pin SOT-23 (TLV2381)

APPLICATIONS

- Portable Medical
- Power Monitoring
- Low Power Security Detection Systems
- Smoke Detectors

DESCRIPTION

The TLV238x single supply operational amplifiers provide rail-to-rail input and output capability. The TLV238x takes the minimum operating supply voltage down to 2.7 V over the extended industrial temperature range, while adding the rail-to-rail output swing feature. The TLV238x also provides 160-kHz bandwidth from only 7 μ A. The maximum recommended supply voltage is 16 V, which allows the devices to be operated from (±8 V supplies down to ±1.35 V) two rechargeable cells.

The combination of rail-to-rail inputs and outputs make them good upgrades for the TLC27Lx family—offering more bandwidth at a lower quiescent current. The offset voltage is lower than the TLC27LxA variant.

To maintain cost effectiveness the TLV2381/2 are only available in the extended industrial temperature range. This means that one device can be used in a wide range of applications that include PDAs as well as automotive sensor interface.

All members are available in SOIC, with the singles in the small SOT-23 package, duals in the MSOP.

DEVICE	V _S [V]	l <mark>q/ch</mark> [μA]	V _{ICR} [V]	V _{IO} [mV]	l _{IB} [pA]	GBW [MHz]	SLEW RATE [V/µs]	V _n , 1 kHz [nV/√Hz]
TLV238x	2.7 to 16	10	-0.2 to V _S + 0.2	4.5	60	0.16	0.06	100
TLV27Lx	2.7 to 16	11	–0.2 to V $_{ m S}$ – 1.2	5	60	0.16	0.06	100
TLC27Lx	4 to 16	17	–0.2 to V $_{ m S}$ – 1.5	10/5/2	60	0.085	0.03	68
OPAx349	1.8 to 5.5	2	-0.2 to V _S + 0.2	10	10	0.070	0.02	300
OPAx347	2.3 to 5.5	34	-0.2 to V _S + 0.2	6	10	0.35	0.01	60
TLC225x	2.7 to 16	62.5	0 to V _S – 1.5	1.5/0.85	60	0.200	0.02	19

SELECTION GUIDE

NOTE: All dc specs are maximums while ac specs are typicals.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



SLOS377A - SEPTEMBER 2001- REVISED JULY 2003

	PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION												
PRODUCT	PACKAGE	PACKAGE CODE	SYMBOL	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER NUMBER	TRANSPORT MEDIA							
TLV2381ID	SOIC-8	D	23811		TLV2381ID	Tube							
TLV23611D	3010-0	U	23011		TLV2381IDR	Tape and Reel							
TLV2381IDBV	SOT-23	DBV	VBKI	–40°C to 125°C	TLV2381IDBVR	Tape and Reel							
TLV230TIDBV	301-23	DBV	VDRI	-40 C 10 125 C	TLV2381IDBVT	Tape and Reel							
TLV2382ID	TLV2382ID SOIC-8 D 238		23821		TLV2382ID	Tube							
12v23021D	3010-0	U	23021		TLV2382IDR	Tape and Reel							

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V _S Input voltage, V _I (see Notes 1 and 2) Output current, I _O	V _S + 0.2 V
Differential input voltage, V _{ID}	
Continuous total power dissipation	
Maximum junction temperature, T _J	150°C
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A : I suffix	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	–65°C to 125°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

⁺ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. Relative to GND pin.

2. Maximum is 16.5 V or VS+0.2 V whichever is the lesser value.

T_A = 85°C POWER RATING $T_A \le 25^{\circ}C$ PACKAGE θ JC θ_{JA} POWER RATING (°C/W) (°C/W) D (8) 38.3 176 710 mW 370 mW DBV (5) 55 324.1 385 mW 201 mW DBV (6) 55 294.3 425 mW 221 mW

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Dual supply	±1.35	±8	V
Supply voltage, (V _S)	Single supply	2.7	16	v
Input common-mode voltage range		-0.2	V _S +0.2	V
Operating free air temperature, T _A	I-suffix	-40	125	°C

electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, $V_S = 2.7 V$, 5 V, and 15 V (unless otherwise noted)

dc performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _A †	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Vie	Input offset voltage			25°C		0.5	4.5	mV
VIO	input onset voltage	$V_{IC} = V_S/2, \qquad V_O = R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega \qquad R_S =$	VS/2 50.0	Full range			6.5	IIIV
αΛΙΟ	Offset voltage drift			25°C		1.1		μV/°C
		$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } V_S,$		25°C	54	69		
		R _S = 50 Ω	V _S = 2.7 V	Full range	53			dB
		$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{S} - 1.3 V,$	VS = 2.7 V	25°C	71	86		uВ
		R _S = 50 Ω		Full range	70			
		$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{S},$		25°C	58	74		dB
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$R_{S} = 50 \Omega$	$V_{S} = 5 V$	Full range	57			
CIVIER	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{S} - 1.3 V,$	$\nabla S = 5 \nabla$	25°C	72	88		
		R _S = 50 Ω		Full range	70			
		$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } V_S,$	V _S = 15 V	25°C	65	80		dB
		$R_{S} = 50 \Omega$		Full range	64			
		$V_{IC} = 0 V \text{ to } V_{S} - 1.3 V,$		25°C	72	90		
		R _S = 50 Ω		Full range	70			
			V _S = 2.7 V	25°C	80	100		
			VS = 2.7 V	Full range	77			
A	Large-signal differential voltage	$V_{O(PP)}=V_S/2,$	$V_S = 5 V$	25°C	80	100		dB
AVD	amplification	$VO(PP)=VS^{/2},$ R _L = 100 kΩ	vS = 3 v	Full range	77			
				25°C	77	83		
			V _S = 15 V	Full range	74			

[†] Full range is –40°C to 125°C.

input characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST (CONDITIONS	т _А	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
				≤25°C		1	60	
li0	Input offset current		$V_{O} = V_{S}/2,$ R _S = 50 Ω	≤70°C			100	pА
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2,$ $R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$,		≤125°C			1000	
				≤25°C		1	60	
I _{IB}	Input bias current			≤70°C			200	pА
				≤125°C			1000	
ri(d)	Differential input resistance			25°C		1000		GΩ
CIC	Common-mode input capacitance	f = 1 kHz		25°C		8		pF



electrical characteristics at recommended operating conditions, $V_S = 2.7 V$, 5 V, and 15 V (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

power supply

	PARAMETER	IETER TEST CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Supply surrent (per shappel)		25°C		7	10	
'DD	Supply current (per channel)	$V_{O} = V_{S}/2$	Full range			15	μA
PSRR	Dower supply rejection ratio $(A)/a/A)/a$	$V_{S} = 2.7 V$ to 16V, No load,	25°C	74	82		dB
FORR	Power supply rejection ratio $(\Delta V_S / \Delta V_{IO})$	$V_{IC} = V_S/2 V$	Full range	70			uВ

[†] Full range is –40°C to 125°C for I suffix.

output characteristics

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDI	TEST CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNIT
			V _S = 2.7 V	25°C	200	160		
			$v_{\rm S} = 2.7 v$	Full range	220			
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2$,		25°C	120	85		
N. Outrait		$V_{IC} = V_S/2,$ $I_O = 100 \mu A$	V _S = 5 V	Full range	200			• mV
	Output voltage quing from roll		V _S = 15 V	25°C	120	50		
VO	Output voltage swing from rail			Full range	150			
				25°C	800	420		
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2$,	V _S = 5 V	Full range	900			
		$V_{IC} = V_S/2,$ $I_O = 500 \ \mu A$		25°C	400	200		mV
			V _S = 15 V	Full range	500			
ю	Output current	$V_{O} = 0.5 V$ from rail	V _S = 2.7 V	25°C		400		μA

[†] Full range is -40° C to 125° C for I suffix.

dynamic performance

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TA	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT
GBP	Gain bandwidth product	R_L = 100 $k\Omega$, $\ C_L$ = 10 pF, $\ f$ = 1 kHz	25°C	160	kHz
			25°C	0.06	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$V_{O(pp)} = 2 V$, $R_L = 100 k\Omega$, $C_L = 10 pF$	-40°C	0.05	V/µs
			125°C	0.08	
фМ	Phase margin		25°C	62	0
	Gain margin	$R_{L} = 100 k\Omega$, $C_{L} = 50 pF$	25°C	6.7	dB
	Sottling time (0.19()	$V(STEP)_{DD} = 1 V, A_V = -1, Rise$	2500	31	
t _S	Settling time (0.1%)		25°C	61	μs

noise/distortion performance

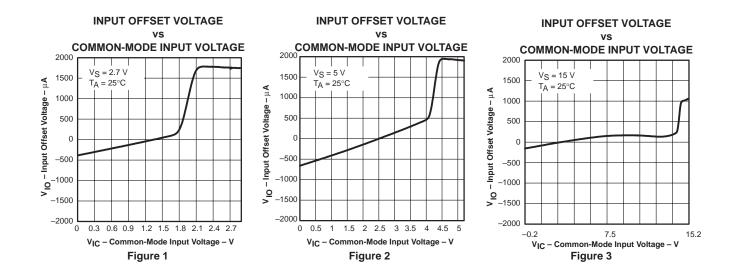
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Τ _Α	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1 kHz	25°C		90		nV/√Hz

SLOS377A - SEPTEMBER 2001- REVISED JULY 2003

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

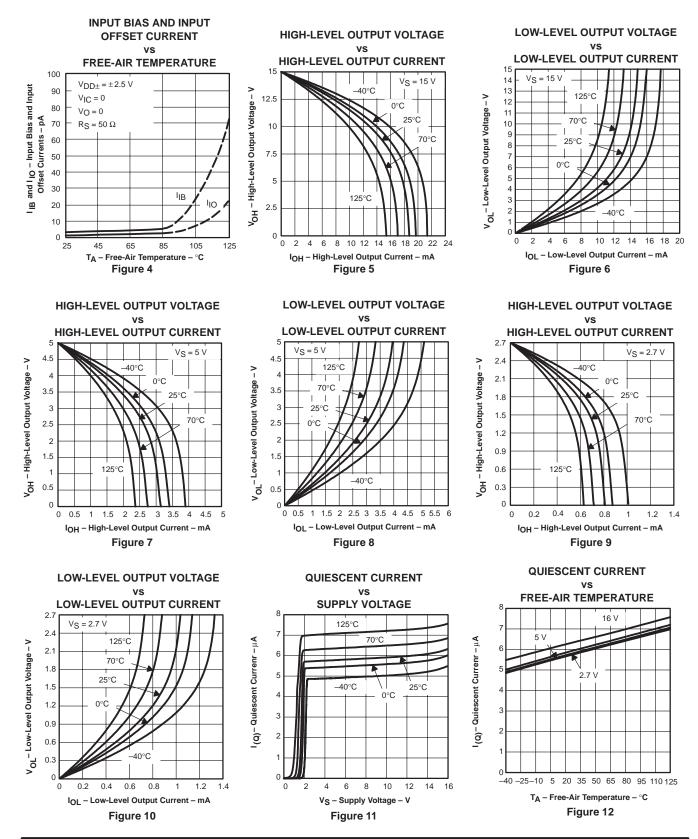
			FIGURE
VIO	Input offset voltage	vs Common-mode input voltage	1, 2, 3
IIB/IIO	Input bias and offset current	vs Free-air temperature	4
VOH	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	5, 7, 9
VOL	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	6, 8, 10
1.0	Quiescent current	vs Supply voltage	11
IQ	Quescent current	vs Free-air temperature	12
	Supply voltage and supply current ramp up		13
A _{VD}	Differential voltage gain and phase shift	vs Frequency	14
GBP	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Free-air temperature	15
φm	Phase margin	vs Load capacitance	16
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency	17
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	vs Frequency	18
	Input referred noise voltage	vs Frequency	19
SR	Slew rate	vs Free-air temperature	20
VO(PP)	Peak-to-peak output voltage	vs Frequency	21
	Inverting small-signal response		22
	Inverting large-signal response		23
	Crosstalk	vs Frequency	24

Table of Graphs



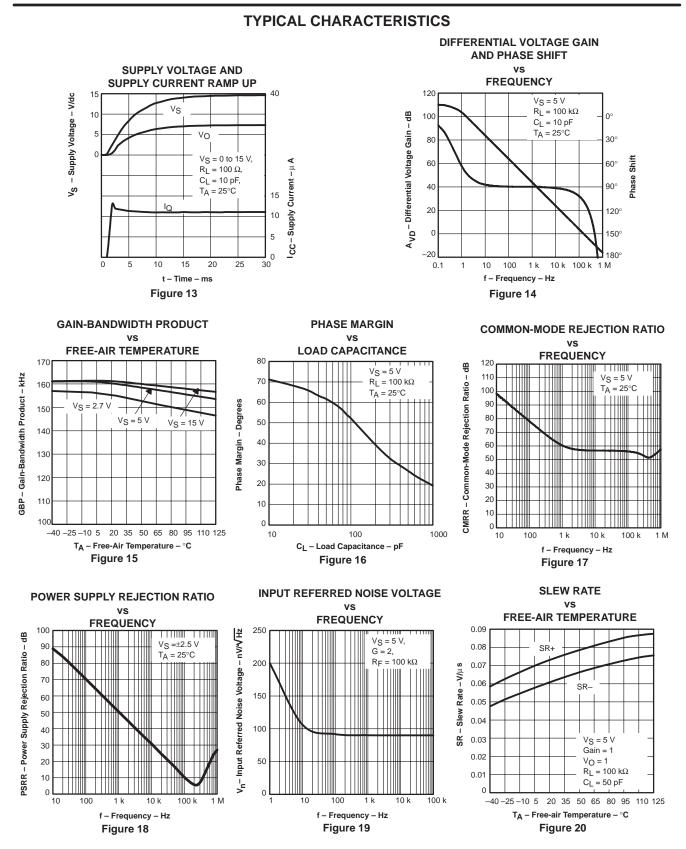


SLOS377A - SEPTEMBER 2001- REVISED JULY 2003



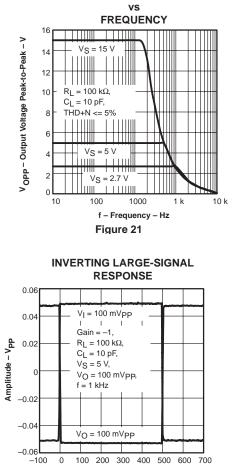
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SLOS377A - SEPTEMBER 2001- REVISED JULY 2003



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS www.ti.com

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



t – Time – μs Figure 23

PEAK-TO-PEAK OUTPUT VOLTAGE

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL RESPONSE 2 VI = 3 VPP 1.5 Gain = -1, Amplitude – V_{PP} $R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, 0.5 $C_{L} = 10 \text{ pF},$ $V_{S} = 5 \text{ V},$ 0 VO = 3 VPP, f = 1 kHz -0.5-1 -1.5 Vo = 3 Vpp _2 -100 0 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 t – Time – μs Figure 22 CROSSTALK vs FREQUENCY 0 $V_{S} = 5 V$ $R_{L} = 2 k\Omega$ $C_{L} = 10 \text{ pF}$ -20 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ -40 Channel 1 to 2 -60

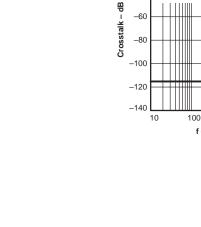
10 k

1 k

f – Frequency – Hz

Figure 24

100 k

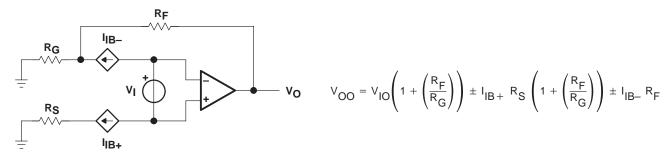




APPLICATION INFORMATION

offset voltage

The output offset voltage (V_{OO}) is the sum of the input offset voltage (V_{IO}) and both input bias currents (I_{IB}) times the corresponding gains. The following schematic and formula can be used to calculate the output offset voltage:





general configurations

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to accomplish this is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier (see Figure 26).

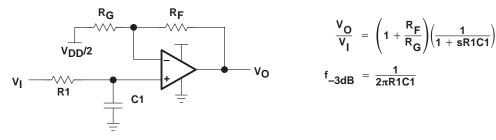


Figure 26. Single-Pole Low-Pass Filter

If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to do this can result in phase shift of the amplifier.

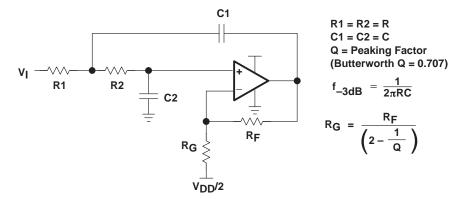


Figure 27. 2-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Filter



SLOS377A - SEPTEMBER 2001- REVISED JULY 2003

APPLICATION INFORMATION

circuit layout considerations

TLV2381 TLV2382

To achieve the levels of high performance of the TLV238x, follow proper printed-circuit board design techniques. A general set of guidelines is given in the following.

- Ground planes—It is highly recommended that a ground plane be used on the board to provide all components with a low inductive ground connection. However, in the areas of the amplifier inputs and output, the ground plane can be removed to minimize the stray capacitance.
- Proper power supply decoupling—Use a 6.8-µF tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.1-µF ceramic capacitor on each supply terminal. It may be possible to share the tantalum among several amplifiers depending on the application, but a 0.1-µF ceramic capacitor should always be used on the supply terminal of every amplifier. In addition, the 0.1-µF capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the supply terminal. As this distance increases, the inductance in the connecting trace makes the capacitor less effective. The designer should strive for distances of less than 0.1 inches between the device power terminals and the ceramic capacitors.
- Sockets—Sockets can be used but are not recommended. The additional lead inductance in the socket pins will often lead to stability problems. Surface-mount packages soldered directly to the printed-circuit board is the best implementation.
- Short trace runs/compact part placements—Optimum high performance is achieved when stray series inductance has been minimized. To realize this, the circuit layout should be made as compact as possible, thereby minimizing the length of all trace runs. Particular attention should be paid to the inverting input of the amplifier. Its length should be kept as short as possible. This will help to minimize stray capacitance at the input of the amplifier.
- Surface-mount passive components—Using surface-mount passive components is recommended for high performance amplifier circuits for several reasons. First, because of the extremely low lead inductance of surface-mount components, the problem with stray series inductance is greatly reduced. Second, the small size of surface-mount components naturally leads to a more compact layout thereby minimizing both stray inductance and capacitance. If leaded components are used, it is recommended that the lead lengths be kept as short as possible.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

general power dissipation considerations

For a given θ_{JA} , the maximum power dissipation is shown in Figure 28 and is calculated by the following formula:

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} = \left(\frac{\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{MAX}} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}}{\theta_{\mathsf{JA}}}\right)$$

Where:

P_D = Maximum power dissipation of TLV238x IC (watts)

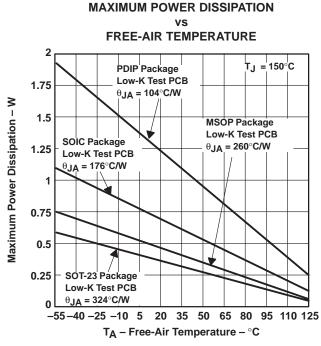
 T_{MAX} = Absolute maximum junction temperature (150°C)

 T_A = Free-ambient air temperature (°C)

 $\theta_{JA} = \theta_{JC} + \theta_{CA}$

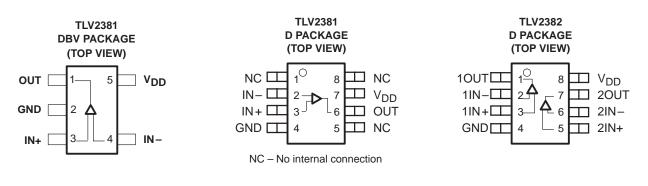
 θ_{JC} = Thermal coefficient from junction to case

 θ_{CA} = Thermal coefficient from case to ambient air (°C/W)



NOTE A: Results are with no air flow and using JEDEC Standard Low-K test PCB.

Figure 28. Maximum Power Dissipation vs Free-Air Temperature







15-Apr-2017

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TLV2381ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23811	Samples
TLV2381IDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBKI	Samples
TLV2381IDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBKI	Samples
TLV2381IDBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBKI	Samples
TLV2381IDBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	VBKI	Samples
TLV2381IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23811	Samples
TLV2381IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23811	Samples
TLV2382ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23821	Samples
TLV2382IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23821	Samples
TLV2382IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23821	Samples
TLV2382IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	23821	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

 $\label{eq:TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.$

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

15-Apr-2017

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above. Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

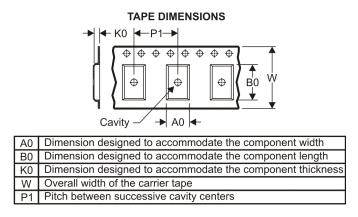
⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer:The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal Device	Package	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TLV2381IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV2381IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3
TLV2381IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TLV2382IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

19-Mar-2008



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TLV2381IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV2381IDBVT	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TLV2381IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
TLV2382IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. A.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice. Β.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side. C.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated (TI) reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete.

TI's published terms of sale for semiconductor products (http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/stdterms.htm) apply to the sale of packaged integrated circuit products that TI has qualified and released to market. Additional terms may apply to the use or sale of other types of TI products and services.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such reproduced documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions. Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyers and others who are developing systems that incorporate TI products (collectively, "Designers") understand and agree that Designers remain responsible for using their independent analysis, evaluation and judgment in designing their applications and that Designers have full and exclusive responsibility to assure the safety of Designers' applications and compliance of their applications (and of all TI products used in or for Designers' applications) with all applicable regulations, laws and other applicable requirements. Designer represents that, with respect to their applications, Designer has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards that (1) anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, (2) monitor failures and their consequences, and (3) lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate actions. Designer agrees that prior to using or distributing any applications that include TI products, Designer will thoroughly test such applications and the functionality of such TI products as used in such applications.

TI's provision of technical, application or other design advice, quality characterization, reliability data or other services or information, including, but not limited to, reference designs and materials relating to evaluation modules, (collectively, "TI Resources") are intended to assist designers who are developing applications that incorporate TI products; by downloading, accessing or using TI Resources in any way, Designer (individually or, if Designer is acting on behalf of a company, Designer's company) agrees to use any particular TI Resource solely for this purpose and subject to the terms of this Notice.

TI's provision of TI Resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable published warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products, and no additional obligations or liabilities arise from TI providing such TI Resources. TI reserves the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its TI Resources. TI has not conducted any testing other than that specifically described in the published documentation for a particular TI Resource.

Designer is authorized to use, copy and modify any individual TI Resource only in connection with the development of applications that include the TI product(s) identified in such TI Resource. NO OTHER LICENSE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE TO ANY OTHER TI INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT, AND NO LICENSE TO ANY TECHNOLOGY OR INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT OF TI OR ANY THIRD PARTY IS GRANTED HEREIN, including but not limited to any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information regarding or referencing third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services, or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of TI Resources may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

TI RESOURCES ARE PROVIDED "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS. TI DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OR REPRESENTATIONS, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS, TITLE, ANY EPIDEMIC FAILURE WARRANTY AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND NON-INFRINGEMENT OF ANY THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS. TI SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR AND SHALL NOT DEFEND OR INDEMNIFY DESIGNER AGAINST ANY CLAIM, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY INFRINGEMENT CLAIM THAT RELATES TO OR IS BASED ON ANY COMBINATION OF PRODUCTS EVEN IF DESCRIBED IN TI RESOURCES OR OTHERWISE. IN NO EVENT SHALL TI BE LIABLE FOR ANY ACTUAL, DIRECT, SPECIAL, COLLATERAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF TI RESOURCES OR USE THEREOF, AND REGARDLESS OF WHETHER TI HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

Unless TI has explicitly designated an individual product as meeting the requirements of a particular industry standard (e.g., ISO/TS 16949 and ISO 26262), TI is not responsible for any failure to meet such industry standard requirements.

Where TI specifically promotes products as facilitating functional safety or as compliant with industry functional safety standards, such products are intended to help enable customers to design and create their own applications that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Using products in an application does not by itself establish any safety features in the application. Designers must ensure compliance with safety-related requirements and standards applicable to their applications. Designer may not use any TI products in life-critical medical equipment unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special contract specifically governing such use. Life-critical medical equipment is medical equipment where failure of such equipment would cause serious bodily injury or death (e.g., life support, pacemakers, defibrillators, heart pumps, neurostimulators, and implantables). Such equipment includes, without limitation, all medical devices identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration as Class III devices and equivalent classifications outside the U.S.

TI may expressly designate certain products as completing a particular qualification (e.g., Q100, Military Grade, or Enhanced Product). Designers agree that it has the necessary expertise to select the product with the appropriate qualification designation for their applications and that proper product selection is at Designers' own risk. Designers are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such selection.

Designer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages, costs, losses, and/or liabilities arising out of Designer's noncompliance with the terms and provisions of this Notice.

> Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2017, Texas Instruments Incorporated