

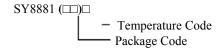
### **Application Note: AN\_SY8881**

# High Efficiency 2.5MHz, 1A Synchronous Step Down Regulator

### **General Description**

SY8881 is a high efficiency 2.5MHz synchronous step down DC/DC regulator IC capable of delivering up to 1A output currents. It can operate over a wide input voltage range from 2.5V to 5.5V and integrate main switch and synchronous switch with very low  $R_{DS}$  (ON) to minimize the conduction loss.

### **Ordering Information**



Ordering Number	Package Type	Note	
SY8881DQC	DFN1.5×1.5-6	1A	

#### **Features**

- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$  for internal switches (top/bottom)  $230m\Omega/150m\Omega$
- 2.5~5.5V input voltage range
- High switching frequency 2.5MHz minimizes the external components
- Internal soft-start limits the inrush current
- 100% dropout operation
- RoHS Compliant and Hal gen Free
- Output auto discharge function
- Compact package: DFN1.5x1.5-6

### **Applications**

- Portable Navigation Device
- S t Top Box
- USB Dongle
- · Media Player
- Smart phone

### **Typical Applications**

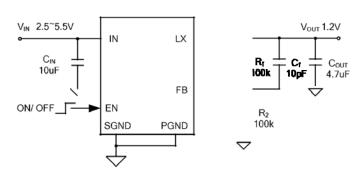


Figure 1. Schematic Diagram

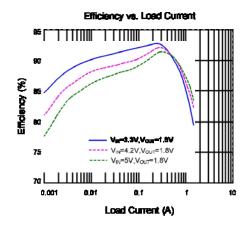
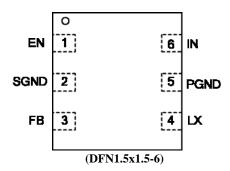


Figure 2. Efficiency



## Pinout (Top View)



Top Mark: MNxyz (device code: MN, x=year code, y=week code, z=lot number c de)

Pin Name	Pin Number	Pin Description
EN	1	Enable control. Pull high to turn on. Do not loat.
PGND	5	Power ground pin.
SGND	2	Signal ground pin.
LX	4	Inductor pin. Connect this pin to the switching node of inductor.
IN	6	Input pin. Decouple this pin to GND pin with at least 10uF ceramic cap.
FB	3	Output Feedback Pin. Connect this pin to the center point of the output resistor divider (as shown n Figure 1) to program the output voltage: $V_{OUT}=0.6*(1+R_1/R_2)$ .

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)	
Supply Input Voltage	6.0V
Enable, FB Voltage	$V_{IN} + 0.6V$
Power Dissipation, PD @ $T_A = 25^\circ$ ,	
DFN1.5×1.5-6	1.6 W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
$\theta$ JA	145°C/W
θ μc	81°C/W
Junction Temperature Range	125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to 150°C
<b>Recommended Operating Conditions</b> (Note 3)	
Supply Input Voltage	2.5V to 5.5V
Junction Temperature Range	40°C to 125°C
Ambient Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(V_{IN} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 2.5V, L = 1.0uH, C_{OUT} = 4.7uF, T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Range	IN		2.5		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	I Q	$I_{OUT}=0, V_{FB}=V_{REF} \cdot 105\%$		40		μA
Shutdown Current	I SHDN	EN=0		0.1	1	μA
Feedback Reference Voltage	REF		0.588	0.6	0.612	V
FB Input Current	I FB	V -V FB IN	-50		50	nA
PFET RON	DS(ON) P			230		m $\Omega$
NFET RON	DS(ON) N			150		mΩ
PFET Current Limit	LIM		1.3			A
EN rising threshold	ENH		1.5			V
EN falling threshold	ENL				0.4	V
Input UVLO threshold	UVLO				2.5	V
UVLO hysteresis	HYS			0.1		V
Oscillator Frequency	OSC			2.5		MHz
Min ON Time				65		ns
Max Duty Cycle			100			%
Soft Start Time	SS			1		ms
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	SD			160		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	HYS			15		°C
Output discharge resistor	DSC			120		Ω
PFM Model Operation	I PFM	V <sub>IN</sub> =3.6V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V, L=1.0uH.		100		mA

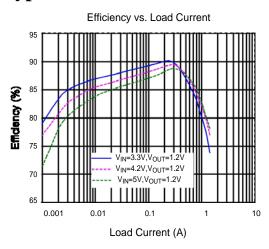
**Note 1**: Stresses beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the evice at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

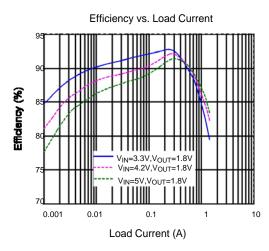
Note 2:  $\theta$  JA is measured in the natural convection at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  on a low effective single layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard. Exposed Paddle of DFN package is the case position for  $\theta$  JC measurement.

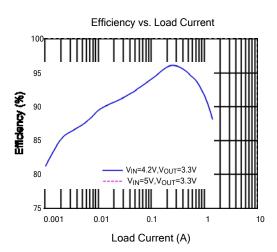
**Note 3:** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

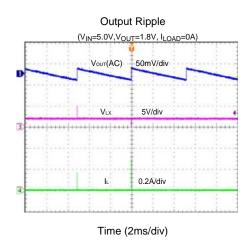


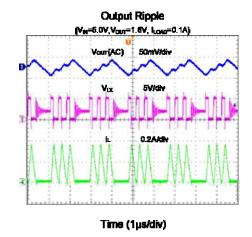
### **Typical Performance Characteristics**

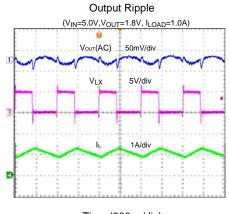






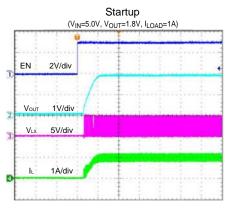




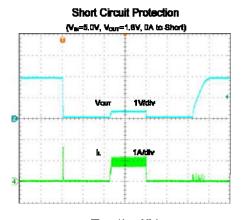


Time (200ns/div)

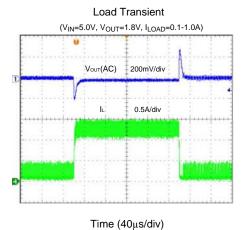


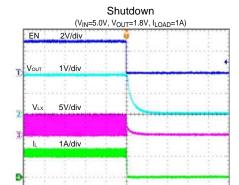




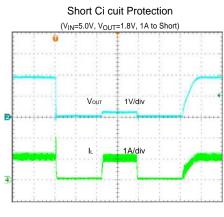


Time (1ma/div)





Time (20µs/div)



Time (1ms/div)



### **Operation**

SY8881 is a high efficiency 2.5MHz synchronous step down DC/DC regulator IC capable of delivering up to 1A output currents. It can operate over a wide input voltage range from 2.5V to 5.5V and integrate main switch and synchronous switch with very low  $R_{DS\ (ON)}$  to minimize the conduction loss.

### **Applications Information**

Because of the high integration in the SY8881 IC, the application circuit based on this regulator IC is rather simple. Only input capacitor  $C_{\rm IN}$ , output capacitor  $C_{\rm OUT}$ , output inductor L and feedback resistors (R1 and R2) need to be selected for the targeted applications specifications.

#### Feedback resistor dividers R1 and R2:

Choose R1 and R2 to program the proper output voltage. To minimize the power consumption under light loads, it is desirable to choose large resistance values for both R1 and R2. A value of between  $100k\Omega$  and  $1M\Omega$  is highly recommended for both resistors. If R2=120k $\Omega$  is chosen, then R1 can be calculated to be:

$$R_{1} = (V_{OUT} - 0.6V) \cdot R_{2}$$

#### Input capacitor C<sub>IN</sub>:

A typical X7R or better grade ceramic capacitor and greater than 4.7uF capacitance is recommen ed. To minimize the potential noise problem, place this ceramic capacitor really close to the IN a d GND pins. Care should be taken to minimize the l p area formed by  $C_{\rm IN}$ , and IN/GND pins.

#### **Output capacitor Cour:**

The output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. Both steady state ripple and transient requirements must be taken into consideration when selecting this capacitor. For the best performance, it is recommended to use X7R or better grade ceramic capacitor with 6V rating and greater than 4.7uF capac tance.

#### **Output inductor L:**

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

 Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the maximum output current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V \text{ out } (1 - V \text{ out } / V \text{ in,max})}{F_{\text{SW}} \times I_{\text{OUT,MAX} \times 40\%}}$$

where Fsw is the switching frequency and Iout,max is the maximum load current.

The SY8881 regulator IC is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitude. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

 The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

selected to be greater than the peak inductor currer under full load conditions.

Isat, MIN > IOUT, MAX + 
$$\frac{V_{OUT} (1-V_{OUT}/V_{IN}, MAX)}{2 \cdot F_{SW} \cdot L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR<50mohm to achieve a good overall efficiency.

#### **Layout Design:**

The layout design of SY8881 regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and minimum noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC: C<sub>IN</sub>, L, R1 and R2.

- 1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connecting to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable.
- 2)  $C_{IN}$  must be close to Pins IN and GND. The loop area formed by  $C_{IN}$  and GND must be minimized.
- 3) The PCB copper area associated with LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.
- 4) The components R1 and R2, and the trace connecting to the FB pin must NOT be adjacent to the LX net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem.
- 5) If the system chip interfacing with the EN pin has a high impedance state at shutdown mode and the IN pin is connected directly to a power source such as a LiIon battery, it is desirable to add a pull down 1Mohm resistor between the EN and GND pins to prevent the noise from falsely turning on the regulator at shutdown mode.

#### **Load Transient Considerations:**

The SY8881 regulator IC integrates the compensation



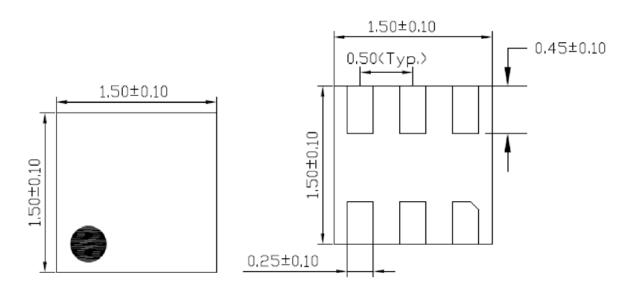


components to achieve good stability and fast transient responses. In some applications, adding a 10pF ceramic cap in parallel with R1 may further speed up the load

transient responses and is thus recommended for applications with large load transient step requirements.

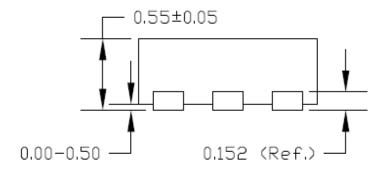


# DFN1.5x1.5-6L FC Package Outline



**Top View** 

**Bottom View** 



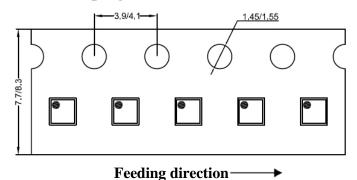
**Side View** 

Notes: All dimension in MM and exclude mold flash & metal burr.

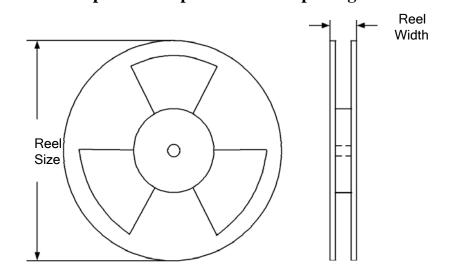


# **Taping & Reel Specification**

### 1. DFN 1.5x1.5-6(FC) taping orientation



# 2. Carrier Tape & Reel specification for packages



Package types	Tape width (mm)	Pocket pitch(mm)	Reel size (Inch)	Reel width(mm)	Trailer length(mm)	Leader length (mm)	Qty per reel
DFN1.5x1.5	8	4	7''	8.4	400	160	3000

### 3. Others: NA